

MUSICAL ART SERIES

STANDARD
SONG
CLASSICS



BALDWIN AND NEWTON

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MUSICAL ART SERIES

STANDARD SONG CLASSICS

FOR HIGH SCHOOLS, ACADEMIES, AND
CHORUSES OF MIXED VOICES

BY

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FOREWORD

Standard Song Classics of the Musical Art Series presents the great melodies which for years have been a source of inspiration and keen enjoyment both to the people and to the musician, and which up to the present time have not been used to any considerable extent as material for education in music. This collection is unique in that it furnishes time-tested melodies which have, for the youth, all the freshness of new music. Each of the forty-one numbers appeals strongly to the emotion and the intellect through its melody, verse, and harmony.

The collection provides great variety in every phase of art. In mood it touches every chord of the human heart.

In musical form there is represented, wholly or in part, oratorio, passion music, symphony, suite, chamber music, grand opera, opera comique, romantic opera, comic opera, impromptu, serenade, nocturne, march, waltz, mazurka, polka, part song, art song, and strophe song.

The music presents an unusual opportunity for musical growth and development, because the student's daily recitation is an active experience with the masterpieces of the world's greatest composers: Abt, Bach, Beethoven, Bizet, Brahms, Chopin, Donizetti, Franz, Ganne, Gounod, Grieg, Handel, Hullah, Jakobowski, Mascagni, Mendelssohn, Meyerbeer, Moszkowski, Mozart, Pinsuti, Radecke, Reeves, Rossini, Rubinstein, Saint-Saëns, Schubert, Schumann, Strauss, Strelezki, Sullivan, Tschaikowsky, Verdi, Wagner, and Waldteufel.

The text is in perfect accord with the music in poetic feeling, beauty of expression, and facility for singing.

The consideration of details has been thorough. Each arrangement reflects the spirit of the original. Attention has been directed to the limited range of tenor voices by giving an optional arrangement in small notes, so as to keep the tenor range within the compass of the octave f-f. The bass voices are also kept within an easy range. The melody throughout is generously distributed to all the parts. To facilitate sight reading in modulatory passages, bridge notes have been introduced. In the back of the book a brief description is given of each selection, and a definition of the form it represents. Following this is a brief biography of each composer. Each selection in Standard Song Classics has been arranged for school orchestra. Scores may be obtained from the publishers at a nominal price.

The Musical Art Series offers, through music, a new idea in education. It aims to furnish in several volumes authoritative versions of standard, appealing music of every class, and yet in a form at once convenient, economical, practical, and artistic.

RALPH L. BALDWIN
E. W. NEWTON

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STANDARD SONG CLASSICS

Life All Victorious

M. Louise Baum

Sempre legato

Franz Schubert

Arr. from the Second Impromptu, Opus 142

Sheet music for the first system of "Life All Victorious". The key signature is A major (two sharps). The time signature starts at 3/4. The vocal line consists of eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment has sustained notes and eighth-note chords. The lyrics begin with "Her praise love - ly na - ture de - clares to our sight, With songs hymn - ing".

Sheet music for the second system of "Life All Victorious". The key signature changes to G major (one sharp). The time signature changes to 2/4. The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords. The lyrics continue with "beau - ty From night to night. Where hill meets hor - i - zon, where lov - ing, Are known to me; The store nev - er fail - eth, the".

Sheet music for the third system of "Life All Victorious". The key signature changes to F# major (one sharp). The time signature changes to 3/4. The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords. The lyrics continue with "flow'r laughs to bird, The chant cease - less pour - ing is ev - 'ry - where heard. By prom - ise is sure, For faith, work, and beau - ty for - ev - er en - dure. Each".

Sheet music for the fourth system of "Life All Victorious". The key signature changes to C major (no sharps or flats). The time signature changes to 2/4. The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords. The piano accompaniment features eighth-note chords. The lyrics end with "corn - fields that bil - low like o - cean un - rolled, From day - break to day tells the sto - ry, each night ech - oes far, The high praise of".

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4 = 2 fz p fz 3 = 1
 day - break, God's prais - es are told. They rise ear - ly and late,
 na - ture from star un - to star. Then, heart, join in the hymn,
 1 = 6 fz p fz 6 = 4
 Ech - o the sun - set's sto - ry; While high - ways of la - bor, the
 Sing - ing cre - a - tion's glo - ry! Ah! Light rules for - ev - er earth's
 pa - geant of fame, Of life all vic - to - rious, the se - cret pro - claim.
 dark - ness a - bove, E - ter - nal is sun - shine, the gift of His love.

Happy Days

*Henry Thompson**Andantino espressivo molto**Anton Strelezski*

Arr. by H. S. Leavitt

a tempo

mp poco rit.

p dolce espress.

Long, long a - go,
Blue eyes can fade,

When the time
Hear ts be laid
was near,. . .
at rest, . . .

p dolce espress.

Long, long a - go,
Blue eyes can fade,

When the har - vest time was near,
Lov - ing hearts be laid at rest,

'Twas there we
Kind words re -

leggiero

'Twas then we met, hap - py year. . . Love was
Kind words re - main, cher - ish'd, blest. . . Love lasts

f con anima

met, Ah! that hap - py peace - ful year. . . Love then was young, And
main, Cher - ish'd like a spir - it blest. . . Love nev - er dies, But

young, was true, . . . Ah, sad days have pass'd . . . for both
till . . . the end, . . . Ah, light - ing the path . . . as our

rall.

love then was true, . . . Sad days have pass'd since then, love!
lasts un - til the end, . . . Light - ing the path to heav - en,

STANDARD SONG CLASSICS

Poco meno mosso

me . . . and you.
way . . . we wend.

Hap - py days gone by,

both for me and you.
as our way we wend.

Hap - py days gone by,

Hap - py moments

Poco meno mosso

Hap - py days,

Hap -

Hap - - - py,

Ah,

Poco meno mosso

rall.

Hap - py mo - ments fled,

Ne'er to come a - gain,

a - gain, Naught but mem'ry in their

dolce *p* express

fled,

Ne'er to come a - gain,

Naught but mem - o - ry in their stead,

py mo - ments fled,

mo - ments fled,

Ah, ne'er,

ne'er a - gain,

a - gain,

mf

p

pp mf f

stead, Ten-der words Num-ber'd with the sleep - ing, Come but in
_{mp}

Ten-der words and thoughts Num-ber'd with the sleep - ing, On-ly come a-gain in
_f

ten - der words Num - ber'd with the sleep - ing, Come in

mp *cres.* *mf* *f*

dreams and with the morn - ing sun are fled. fled.
 dreams, and with the sun are fled. fled.
 dreams, and with the sun are fled. fled.

Tempo I *Tempo I*

dim. pp

And with the morn - ing sun are fled. . . .
_{dim.}

And with the morn - ing sun are fled. . . .
_{dim.}

p espress. — — — dim. p pp

The Angel

*W. Stigand**Anton Rubinstein*
Arr. from the duet

Moderato

1. An an - gel is float - ing the
2. The soul of a child on his

heav - ens a-long, And sings all tri - um - phant his
bos - om he bears, To earth full of sor - row and

song. His song and the stars from their
tears. is im - mor - tal; its

song. His song and the stars from their
tears. is im - mor - tal; its

cres.

♩

bright shin - ing thrones, At - tend to the sweet, ho - ly
joy un - de-filed, Sinks deep in the heart of the

bright shin - ing thrones, At - tend to the sweet, ho - ly
joy un - de-filed, Sinks deep in the heart of the

♩

tones. child. He sings of the bliss and e -
child. Tho' long was the course here be -

cres.

tones. child. He sings of the the
child. Tho' long was the

cres.

the - - re - al love, En - joyed by pure spir - - its a -
low to it giv'n, Its yearn - - ing rose ev - - er to

bliss course and e - the - re - al love, En - joy'd by pure spir - its a -
here be - low to it giv'n, Its yearn - - ing rose ev - - er to

f

bove; The glo - ry of God e - ter - - nal re -
heav'n; And ne'er did a song re - place up - on

bove; The glo - ry of God e - ter - - nal re -
heav'n; And ne'er did a song re - place up - on

p

sounds, In high and all hal -
earth, The ho ly one sung - - -

sounds, In high and all hal -
earth, The ho ly one sung - - -

p

D.S.

low at ed his sounds! D.S.

low at ed his sounds! D.S.

8va.....

D.S.

Serenade

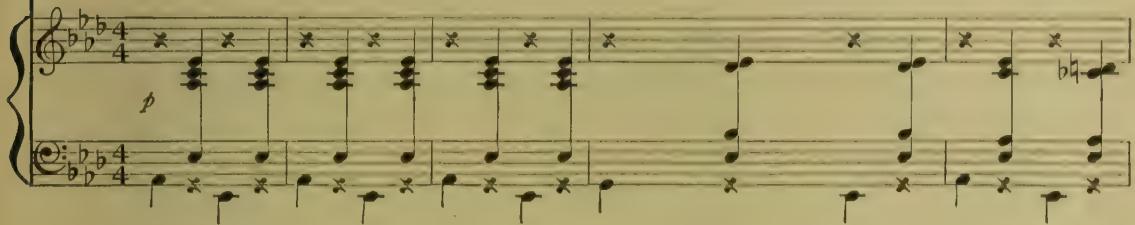
Bertha Remick

Moritz Moszkowski

Arr. from the Serenata Op. 15, No. 1, by Bertha Remick

Andante grazioso

Ah, hush! moon-light o'er the flow'rs Gives night



beau - ty en-tranc - ing, While clear foun-tains mur - mur low, Sweet - est notes the



charm en - hanc-ing. West winds whis-per to the trees, Soft their voic - es now are sigh - ing,



Night songs, fraught with peace and joy, . . . That tell of na - ture's glo - ry un-dy - ing.



f

Ah! come, the night is fair, La la la la la la la la
 O come and hear our song that

sfz mf

la
 floats the night a - - - long.

mf

Soon day will
 Oh! hark! how sweet the mu - sic! Soon day will
 Soon the day will

cres. *sfz mf*

The musical score consists of four systems of music. The first system starts with a forte dynamic (f) and includes lyrics "Ah! come, the night is fair, La la la la la la la la" and "O come and hear our song that". The second system begins with a dynamic marking of "sfz mf". The third system includes lyrics "la la la la la la la la la la" and "floats the night a - - - long.". The fourth system ends with a dynamic marking of "mf". The fifth system begins with a dynamic marking of "mf" and includes lyrics "Soon day will", "Oh! hark! how sweet the mu - sic! Soon day will", and "Soon the day will". The sixth system ends with a dynamic marking of "cres." followed by "sfz mf". The music features two staves: a soprano staff in treble clef and a bass staff in bass clef. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature varies between common time and 6/8 time. Various musical markings such as accents, slurs, and dynamic changes are included throughout the score.

dim.

dawn, So come, ah come! ere breaks the

dim.

day!

Ah come, Ah come!

molto ritard

Faint - er still the ech - oes sound, Soft - ly through the gar - den ring - ing, Breez - es

H'm H'm Faint the

a tempo

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mur - mur all a - round, . . . In care - less rap - ture the night - in - gale is sing - ing!

ech - oes ring, Night - - - in - - - gales sing. The

la la .. la la .. la .. la La

moon's clear ray is grow - ing dim, Mist - y wreaths are ris - ing slow,

moon shines dim - - - mer, Mist is ris - - - - ing,

bird songs fill - ing all the dawn, As the

Birds are sing - - ing, clear, As the east be - gins to glow!

rit. marc. un poco

Prayer

Gellert

Solenne con devozione

Ludwig van Beethoven

Solenne con devozione

1. O God, Thy good - ness wide - ly spreads, As
2. O God, Thou art the strength and shield Of

1. O God, Thy good - ness wide - ly spreads, As
2. O God, Thou art the strength and shield Of

1. O God, Thy good - ness ev - er wide - ly wide - ly spreads, As
2. O God, Thou art the pres - ent strength, the strength and shield Of

1. O God, Thy good - ness ev - er wide - ly wide - ly spreads, As
2. O God, Thou art the pres - ent strength, the strength and shield Of

far as heav'n ex - tend - ed; With mer - cy
all our poor en - deav - or; So may we

far, as far as heav'n ex - tend - ed; With mer - cy
all, of all our poor en - deav - or; So may we

far, as far as heav'n ex - tend - ed; With mer - cy
all, of all our poor en - deav - or; So may we

far, as far as heav'n ex - tend - ed, As far as heav'n ex - tend - ed; With
all, of all our poor en - deav - or, Of all our poor en - deav - or; So

cres.

Thou nei - dost ther faint crown our heads; By But Thee trust are Thine
 Thou nei - dost ther faint crown our heads; By But Thee trust are Thine
 Thou nei - dost ther faint crown our heads; By But Thee trust are Thine
 Thou nei - dost ther faint crown our heads; By But Thee trust are Thine
 mer - cy Thou dost crown our heads, With mer - cy Thou dost crown our heads; By
 may we nei - ther faint nor yield, So may we nei - ther faint nor yield, But

cres.

Thine de - fend - ed. O Lord, my strength, my
 arm for - ev - er. In Thee we find our
 cres.

Thine de - fend - ed. O Lord, my strength, my
 arm for - ev - er. In Thee we find our
 cres.

Thine de - fend - ed. O Lord, my strength, my
 arm for - ev - er. In Thee we find our
 cres.

Thee are Thine de - fend - ed. O Lord, my strength, my strength, my
 trust Thine arm for - ev - er. In Thee we find, we find our
 cres.

rock, my guard,
help, our guide My call re - ceive, my suit re - ward. For
When sore be - set on ev - 'ry side. Let
cres.

rock, my guard,
help, our guide My call re - ceive, my suit re - ward. For
When sore be - set on ev - 'ry side. Let
cres.

rock, my guard,
help, our guide My call re - ceive, my suit re - ward. For
When sore be - set on ev - 'ry side. Let
cres.

rock, my guard, my guard, My call re - ceive, my suit re - ward. For
help, our guide, our guide When sore be - set on ev - 'ry side. Let
cres.

p // cres. sf dim. *p*

I will pray be - fore Thee, for I will pray be - fore Thee.
grate - ful hearts a - dore Thee, let grate - ful hearts a - dore Thee!
p // cres. sf dim. *p*

I will pray be - fore Thee, for I will pray be - fore Thee.
grate - ful hearts a - dore Thee, let grate - ful hearts a - dore Thee!
p // cres. sf dim. *p*

I will pray be - fore Thee, for I will pray be - fore Thee.
grate - ful hearts a - dore Thee, let grate - ful hearts a - dore Thee!

p // cres. sf decres. *p* decres. *pp*

March of the Mourning Marionettes

*Celia Standish**Allegro**Charles Gounod*

Arr. from an unfinished "Suite Burlesque" by Sewall Day

(The Marionette is broken) (Murmurs of regret from the troupe)

ff *f* *dim.* *p*

Allegretto

p *p*

(The Procession)

A mur-mur of voic-es nigh, A chat-ter-ing shrill and high, Soft but clear-er,
 Hark! la la la Hark! la la la

p

It's ris-ing and fail-ing.
rall. e dim.

p a tempo

now 'tis near-er; Like a dirge, O hark!
 Here comes tread-ing with
 la la

rall. e dim. *p a tempo*

Ah, Pier - rot! They light - ly move, And spright - ly
cres.

art - less air Folk of mot-ley and tin - sel wear, Tho' they light - ly move, The
la la la la la la

Pier - rot no more is danc - ing, Pier - rot has

mar - i - onettes go wail-ing! la la la la

left his pranc - ing, He, so cheer - y, he, so mer - ry; Ev - 'ry voice is heard la - ment - ing,

la la la la la la la la la la

dim.

dim.

dim.

Ah, Pier . . .

p

Still to - day are his danc - ing feet, Still to - day is his sing - ing sweet,

p

la la la la la la la la la la

p

rot! They're sing - ing, Soft . they're sing - ing, *cres.* *dim.*

Flow'r's they're bring - ing, Soft - - ly, All the troop to - geth - er. *cres.* *dim.*

cres. *dim.*

f p

When the sun was high, Gay Pier-rot was danc-ing. Si - lent now he lies, Closed are his

f p

f p

O, we must

mer - ry eyes. Red the lip that does not speak, O, mer - ry
Red with paint his cheek, And red the lip that does not speak,

Red the lip that does not speak, O,

mer - ry be and live

we will live our lives as gay as he. O, when the sun was high Gai-ly Pier-

eres - *cen*

do

rot was dancing; Where he still doth lie Wa-ters flow! Sunbeams glow! Breez - es blow!

1st was dancing, where he still doth he Walters now. Sunbeams grow! Drieses grow!

pp

A murmur of voic - es nigh, A chat-ter-ing shrill and high, Soft but clear-er,

Hark! la la la Hark la la la

It's ris - ing and fail - ing.
rit. e dim.

p a tempo

now 'tis near - er; Like a dirge Oh hark!

Here come tread - ing with

la la

rit. e dim.

p a tempo

Ah, Pier - rot! They light - ly
cres.

art - less air Folk of mot - ley and tin - sel wear, Tho' they light - ly
cres.

la la la la la la

cres.

move, . . . And spright - ly Mar - i - o - nettes sigh and cry.

rall. e dim.

move, la la
Mar - i - o - nettes sigh and la

p a tempo

cry. The sor - ry troupe to - geth - er; See the sor - ry troupe to - geth - er;
la la la la la la la la

See them all danc - ing by!

Danc-ing by!
Ah, now see them all danc-ing by! Danc-ing by!
la

ppp ppp

A Song of the Sea

Nathan Haskell Dole

Eduard Jakobowski

Arr. from the Comic Opera "Ermine"

*mf**Allegro grazioso*

1. The friend-ly gale has
2. Ar - ab steed of

*accel.**a tempo*

filled the sail And roll'd the rail far un - der. In row - dy play It bears a - way The
roy - al breed From bri - dle freed flies fast - er Than our good yawl To o - ver-haul Our

*accel.**a tempo*

salt - y spray, its plun - der. A - cross our wake the bil - lows break And crash-es make like
ri - vals all as mas - ter! We rise and sink on bil - lows' brink But do not think dis-

*accel.**a tempo**f**accel.*

thun - der! The gulls on high a - bove us fly, And gay - ly, gay - ly cry; "Come and
as - ter! We race the wave, its fren - zy brave,The curl-ing white caps rave; "Come and

*a tempo**rall.**a tempo f*

p

race! : Give us chase! Ah, Try how quickly we can
 race! Give us chase! Ah, Down in - to our bos - om

f

"Oh, come and race! O join the chase! Ah, Quick - ly we can
 "Oh, come and race! O join the chase! Ah, Down our bos - om

f

"Oh, come and race! O join the chase! Ah, Try - how we can
 "Oh, come and race! O join the chase! Ah, Down our bos - om

p

beat you! Fly-ing with the wind de -feat you. From our gid - dy height we
 hol - low, In our roar-ing whirl-pools wal - low, We your ti - ny boat can

beat you! With the wind de -feat you. From our height we
 hol - low, In our whirl-pools wal - low, We your boat can

beat you! With the wind de -feat you. From our height we
 hol - low, In our whirl-pools wal - low, We your boat can

cres. *mf*

greet you. Join us in our breez - y space." What care we for chal - lenge
 swal-low, Leav-ing not a sin - gle trace!" What care we for threats and

greet you. Join us in this space." What care we for
 swal-low, Leav - ing not a trace!" What care we for

cres. *mf*

greet you. Join us in this space." What care we for
 swal-low, Leav - ing not a trace!" What care we for

cres. *mf*

taunt - ing, Air - y in - sult, wing - ed vaunt - ing? Noth - ing to our
taunt - ing, Howling in - sult, dan - gers haunt - ing? Noth - ing to our

taunt - ing, Air - y in - sult vaunt - ing? Noth - ing to our
taunt - ing, In - sult, dan - gers haunt - ing? Noth - ing to our

chal - lenge taunt-ing,
threats and taunt-ing, Air - y in - sult, wing - ed vaunt - ing?
Howl - ing in - sult, dan - gers haunt - ing?

taunt - ing, Air - y in - sult vaunt - ing?
taunt - ing, In - sult, dan - gers haunt - ing?

mf *dim.* *p I* *2 cres.* *f*

joy is want-ing, As the o - pen sea we face! No As the o - pen sea we face!

mf *dim.* *p I* *2 cres.* *f*

joy is want-ing, As the sea we face! As the sea we face!

The Lotus Flower

H. Heine

Translated and adapted

Robert Schumann

Arr. from the song Op. 25, No. 7, by Sewall Day

Andante

The lo - tus flow - er is faint - ing 'Neath the burn - ing
 faint - ing

mp

sun, Droop - ing low in his pres - ence, She waits till day is
 Droop - ing in his pres - ence,

cres.

mp

cres.

done; But when in eve - ning cool - ness, The moon floods all with
 5=3 *pp*

p *pp*

poco cres.

3=5 $\sharp 5 = 7$

dim.

light, with light, Be - hold, the lo - tus, re - viv - ing, Then dis - plays her fair pet - als of

poco cres.

2=4

dim.

7=2

poco cres.

dim.

accel. poco a poco

No sign

white. She gleams, she glows, she glim - mers: No sign of fear can one

accel. poco a poco

accel. poco a poco

trace, . . . As slow - ly she lifts from the shad - ows

rit. \flat

trace, can trace, As slow - ly from the shad - ows Her

rit. \flat

rit.

rit.

flow - er - pale, ra - di - ant face, her face, Her flow - er - pale, ra - di - ant face.
rit.

ra - di - ant face,

rit.

By-gone Days

Translated and adapted from the German

Robert Radecke

Andante semplice

1. From a by - gone day, a for - got - ten day, Comes a song I long to
2. O my qui - et home, dear, un - trou - bled home, That I fain a - gain would
3. When the birds re - turn, when the birds re - turn, They will fill a - gain the

hear. O how far a - way, far, O far a - way, Is that time I hold so
see! Where - so - e'er I roam, where - so - e'er I roam, In my dreams I fly to
nest. Hearts that sad - ly yearn, hearts that sad - ly yearn Vain - ly seek for peace and

dear. Then the swal-lows' song, then the swal-lows' song Brought the sun - shine and the
thee. When I said fare - well, ah, a long fare - well, Not a cloud was in the
rest. Swal-lows can - not bring, swal-lows nev - er bring What an ach - ing heart would

spring, As they swept a - long, as they swept a - long, On joy - ful wing.
sky; Yet the shad - ows fell, yes, the shad - ows fell, As time went by.
fill; Yet the swal-lows sing, and the wood - lands ring With rap - ture still.

Poo-Bah[†]

W. S. Gilbert

Arthur S. Sullivan

Arr. from the Comic Opera "The Mikado"

tr.

Allegro moderato Tempo di Minuetto

f
 1. Young man, de-spair, Like wise, go to, Yum -
 2. It's a hope less case As you may see, And
 La
 pp
 La
 pp
 La
 pp
 La
 cresc.
 Yum the fair, You must not woo. It will not do: I'm
 in your place A way I'd flee; But don't blame me, I'm
 La
 cresc.
 La
 cresc.
 La
 cresc.
 La la

¹ With the bass this voice accompaniment is complete in four parts; without the bass it is complete in three parts. All the basses may sing the melody, or one bass may sing the melody and the other basses sing the bass part of the accompaniment.

mf

sor - ry for you, You ve - ry im - per - fect a - blu - tion-er!
 sor - ry to be Of your pleas - - ure a dim - in - u - tion-er.

mp

la la

mp

mp

f

mp

This ve - ry day From school Yum-Yum
 They'll vow their pact Ex-treme - ly soon,

la la la la

8va

p

f

7=1

Will wend her way, And home-ward come With
 In point of fact This af - ter - noon, Her

la la la la la la

7=1

tr

p

beat of drums, And a rum tum - tum To wed the Lord High Ex - e -
hon ey - moon With that buf - foon At seven com-menc - es, So

#4=5

la la la la la la la la

#4=5

cu - tion - er!
you shun her.

la.

And the

brass will crash, And the trum-pet bray, And they'll cut a dash, On their wed - ding day. She'll

cres.

mp

The musical score consists of five staves. The top two staves are for the voice, with lyrics written below them. The third staff is for the piano. The bottom two staves are also for the piano. The vocal parts are in common time, while the piano parts are in 3/4 time. The key signature changes frequently, indicated by symbols like F# and G#.

3

3
tod-dle a-way, as all a-ver, With the Lord High Ex - e-cu-tion-er! And the

ff

f

3
brass will crash, And the trum-pet bray, And they'll cut a dash, On their wed-ding day. She'll

cres.

ff

3
tod-dle a-way, as all a-ver, With the Lord High Ex - e-cu-tion-er.

f

And the Glory of the Lord

George Frederick Handel

From the Oratorio "The Messiah"

Isaiah xl: v. 5

Allegro

Isaiah xl: v. 5

Allegro

f

mf

*

And the glo - ry, the glory of the

f

And the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord,

Lord,

the glory of the Lord,

mf

f

And the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord shall be re - veal -

mf

And the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord

shall

f

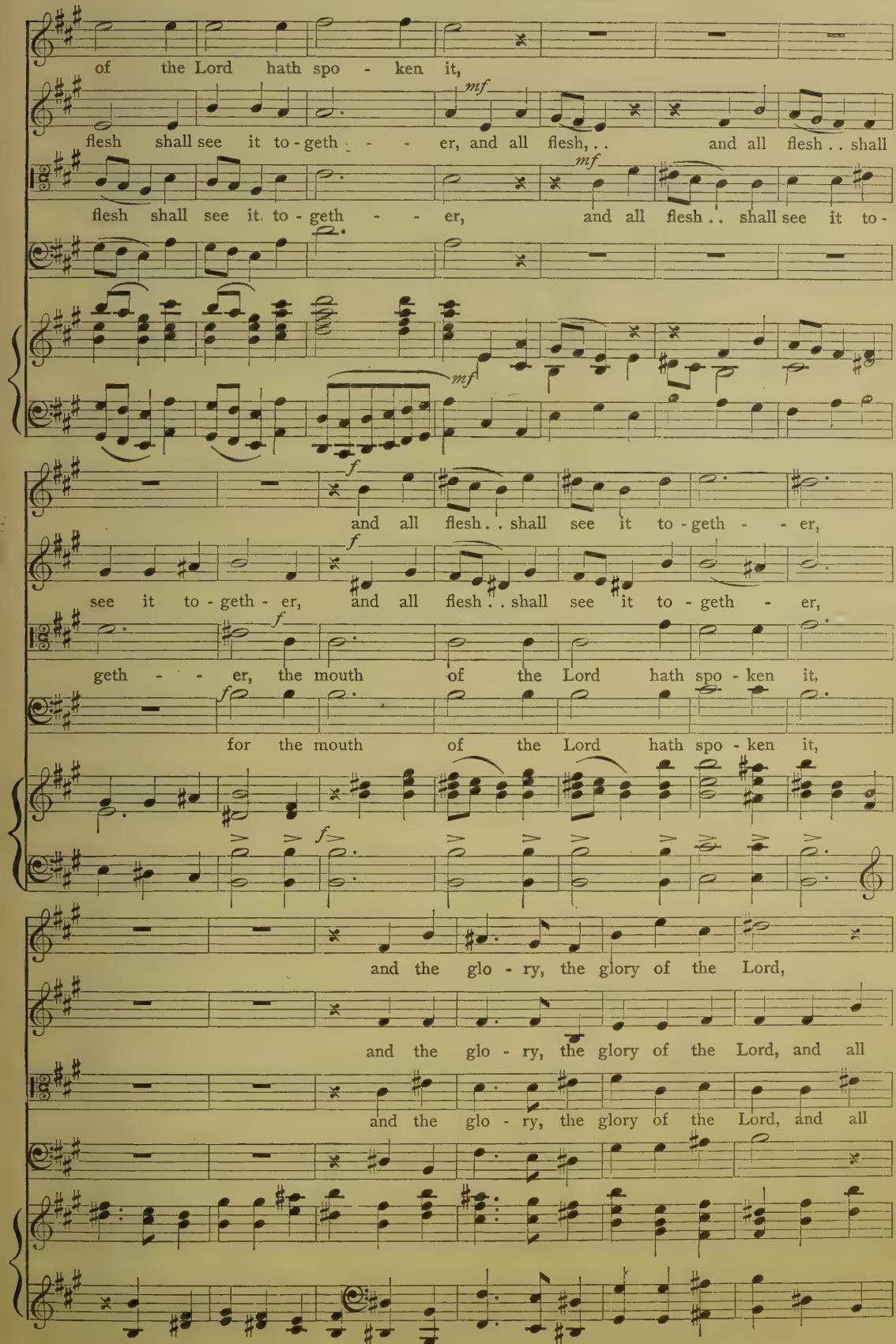
mf

*This is the original notation. The execution should be about as follows: ; and the same in every similar place.

Sheet music for George Frederick Handel's "Revelation". The score consists of ten staves of music for voices and piano, with lyrics in English. The key signature is A major (three sharps). The vocal parts include soprano, alto, tenor, and bass. The piano part is in the basso continuo style, providing harmonic support. The lyrics describe the revelation of God's glory.

shall be re - veal - ed, and the
- ed, and the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord
be re - veal - ed, shall be re - veal - ed,
glo - ry, the glory of the Lord shall
be re - veal - ed, be re - veal -
shall be re - veal - ed,
be re - veal'd, and the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord shall be re - veal - ed,
- ed, and the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord shall be re - veal - ed,
and the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord shall be re - veal - ed,

and all flesh shall see it to -
and all
geth - er, and all
and all flesh shall see it to - geth - er, for the mouth
flesh shall see it to - geth - er, for the mouth
flesh shall see it to - geth - er, and all
of the Lord hath spo - ken it, and all



A musical score for the Hallelujah Chorus by George Frederick Handel. The score consists of eight staves of music in G major, 4/4 time, featuring soprano, alto, tenor, bass, and organ parts. The lyrics are integrated into the vocal parts, describing the divine nature of Jesus Christ and his resurrection. The music includes dynamic markings like *mf*, *f*, and *f>*, and various performance techniques such as slurs and grace notes.

of the Lord hath spo - ken it,
flesh shall see it to - geth - er, and all flesh,.. and all flesh.. shall
flesh shall see it to - geth - er, and all flesh.. shall see it to -
and all flesh.. shall see it to - geth - er,
see it to - geth - er, and all flesh.. shall see it to - geth - er,
geth - er, the mouth of the Lord hath spo - ken it,
for the mouth of the Lord hath spo - ken it,
and the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord,
and the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord, and all
and the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord, and all

and all flesh shall see it to - geth - er, the mouth of the
 flesh shall see it to - geth - er, and the glo - ry, the
 flesh shall see it, shall see it to - geth - er,
 and all flesh shall see it to - geth - er,

Lord hath spo - ken it,

glory of the Lord shall be re - veal - ed, and all
 and all flesh

and all flesh

for the mouth of the Lord hath spo - ken

flesh shall see it to - geth - er, for the mouth

shall see it to - geth - er, the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord shall

shall see it to - geth - er, and the

A musical score page for George Frederick Handel's "Messiah". The music is for SATB voices and organ, arranged in four staves. The key signature is G major (no sharps or flats). The vocal parts are soprano, alto, tenor, and bass. The organ part is on the bottom staff. The lyrics are in English, describing the Second Coming of Christ. The score includes dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *p* (pianissimo). The vocal parts sing in unison throughout the piece.

it, hath spo - ken it,
of the Lord hath spo - ken it, and all flesh .
be re - veal ed, and all flesh .
glo - ry, the glory of the Lord shall be re - veal ed, and all
and the glo - ry, the glo - ry, the glory of the Lord
shall see it to - geth - er, and the
shall see it to - geth - er, and the
flesh . shall see it to - geth - er, and the
shall be re - veal ed,
glo - ry, the glory of the Lord shall be re - veal ed, re - veal ed,
glo - ry, the glory of the Lord shall be re - veal ed, re -

and all flesh shall see it to - geth-er, to - geth - er; for the
 and all flesh shall see it to - geth-er, to - geth - er;
 veal - - ed, and all flesh shall see it to - geth - er, to - geth - er;
 veal - - ed, for the mouth of the Lord hath spo - ken it, > >
 mouth of the Lord . . . hath spo - ken it, for the mouth
 for the mouth of the Lord hath spo - ken it, for the mouth
 for the mouth of the Lord . . . hath spo - ken it, for the mouth
 of the Lord . . . hath spo - ken it, for the mouth
 of the Lord . . . hath spo - ken it, for the mouth
 of the Lord . . . hath spo - ken it, for the mouth
 mouth of the Lord, . . . the mouth of the Lord . . . hath spo - ken it.
 Adagio

Maytime

Leslie Allen

Arthur S. Sullivan

Allegretto grazioso

Arr. from the Comic Opera "The Mikado"

1. Come and sing the song of May-time, Mer - ry, mer - ry month of play - time;
 2. Hand in hand the fair - ies light - ly, Trip - ping, skip - ping, en - ter spright - ly;

1. Come and sing the song of May-time, Mer - ry month of play - time;
 2. Hand in hand the fair - ies light - ly, Trip - ping, en - ter spright - ly;

Dance the dance of sun - ny day - time, Ev - 'ry hap - py lass and lad!
 Blows the hair as heads bow bright - ly, Greet-ing lass and greet - ing lad.

Dance the dance of sun - ny day - time, Ev - 'ry hap - py lass and lad!
 Blows the hair as heads bow bright - ly, Greet - ing lass and greet-ing lad.

cres. *f* *dim.* *mp*

Light our hearts and gay, As we swing and sway; Fac - es smile like
Blue the spar - kling eyes, Like the smil - ing skies; Red the glow - ing

cres. *f* *dim.* *mp*

Light our hearts and gay, As we swing and sway, we sway; Fac - es smile like
Blue the spar - kling eyes, Like the smil - ing skies, the skies; Red the glow - ing

f *dim.*

Gay, as we swing and sway;
Just like the smil - ing skies;

Ah ! . . .

flow'r's Bloom-ing wel - come to spring-time hours. Round the May - pole,
cheeks As the cher - ry the rob - in seeks.

flow'r's Bloom-ing wel - come to spring-time hours. Round the May - pole, round the May - pole,
cheeks As the cher - ry the rob - in seeks.

Yes, bloom-ing wel - come to spring-time hours. Round the May - pole, round the May - pole,
Red as the cher - ry the rob - in seeks.

Yes, bloom-ing wel - come to spring-time hours. Round the May - pole,
Red as the cher - ry the rob - in seeks.

Ah, Ah, f

Danc-ing as the rib-bons roll! Wind the May-pole! Spring is here!
Danc-ing as the rib-bons roll! Wind the May-pole! Spring is come!

Danc-ing as the rib-bons roll; Wind the May-pole, wind the May-pole! Spring is here!
Danc-ing as the rib-bons roll! Wind the May-pole, wind the May-pole! Spring is come!

Wind the May-pole!

Far a-bove us voic-es clear Sweet car - ols are sing-ing, "Glo-rious Spring is here!"
Close be-side us brook-lets hum, While sweet birds are sing-ing, "Glo-rious Spring is come!"

Far a-bove us voic-es clear Sweet car - ols are sing-ing, "Glo-rious Spring is here!"
Close be-side us brook-lets hum, While sweet birds are sing-ing, "Glo-rious Spring is come!"

Three Fishers

Charles Kingsley

A cappella
Andante

John Hullah

Arr. by Sewall Day

1. Three fish-ers went sail-ing out in-to the west, Out
2. Three wives sat up in the light-house tow'r And they
3. Three corps-es lay out on the shin-ing sands, In the

p

* La la

*With the bass this voice accompaniment is complete in four parts; without the bass it is complete in three parts. All the basses may sing the melody or one bass may sing the melody and the other basses sing the bass part of the accompaniment.

STANDARD SONG CLASSICS

Hail, Noble Hall

Richard Wagner

Arr. from the Romantic Opera "Tannhäuser"

Allegro

(x - - -)

f

p 3

3

3

dim.

tr.

cres.

poco f dim.

tr.

mf

Hail, no - ble hall, . . . where-

p

mf

in each heart re - joic - es! King-doms may fall, but thou must nev - er fail.

Long may thy walls give back our voic - es. Crown of all glo - ry,

Hail, no - ble hall, where-in each heart re - joic - es!

pride of min-strels,hail! Hail, no - ble hall,where-in each heart re - joic - es!

Long may thy

King - doms may fall, but thou must nev - er fail. Long may thy

walls . . . give back our loy - al voic - es,

cres.

walls give back our loy - al voic - es, Crown of all glo - ry,

cres.

cres.

pride of min - strels, hail!

Long may thy walls give back our voices, Long may thy walls give

f> ff

ff

back our voic-es, Crown of all glo - ry, pride of min - strels, hail!

Long may thy walls give

May

thy

May

thy

> ff

ff

f

back our voic - es, Long may thy walls give back our voic - es, Crown of all
glad, glad, al voic - es,

walls give back our - glad, loy - al voic - - es,

glo - ry, pride of min - strels,hail! Hail, no - ble
Crown of all glo - ry, pride of min - strels, hail!

Crown of glo - ry,pride of min - strels, hail! Hail, no - ble

Hail, no - ble hall, . . . each heart re - joic - - es, Tho' king - doms may
hall, . . . where-in each heart, . . . where - in each heart re - joic - - es, Tho'
hall, . . . where - in each heart re - joic - - es, Tho' king - doms may

hall, where each heart . . . re - joic - - es, Tho' king - doms may

fall, . . . yet thou must nev - er fail.

king - - doms fall, thou must not fail. Long may thy

fall, yet thou must nev - er fail.

Long may thy walls . . . give back our loy - - - al . . .

walls, . . . yes, long may thy walls give back our

voic - es, our glad and loy - al voic - es, Glo - ry and

A musical score for a vocal piece with piano accompaniment. The vocal part is in soprano range, and the piano part is in basso continuo range. The score consists of eight staves of music, divided into four systems by vertical bar lines. The vocal line begins with "pride of min-strels, hail! Hail, no - ble". The piano accompaniment features sustained notes and chords. In the second system, dynamic markings include *f più ff* and *ff*. The vocal line continues with "hall, where - in each heart re - joic - es! King - doms may". The piano accompaniment includes a bass line with eighth-note patterns. In the third system, the vocal line ends with "fall, but thou must nev - er fail. . . . Long may thy". The piano accompaniment includes a bass line with eighth-note patterns. The fourth system concludes the piece.

pride of min-strels, hail! Hail, no - ble

f più ff *ff*

hall, where - in each heart re - joic - es! King - doms may

fall, but thou must nev - er fail. . . . Long may thy

walls give back . . . our voic - es, Long may thy

Long may thy walls give back our voic - es,

walls give back our voic - es, Long may thy walls give back our voic - es,

Crown of all glo - - ry, pride of min - strels, hail!

Hail! crown of all glo - - ry, hail!

Crown of all glo - - ry, pride of min - strels, hail!

ff

The musical score consists of two staves of music. The top staff is for voices and includes lyrics in a three-line format. The bottom staff is for a basso continuo instrument, likely harpsichord or organ, indicated by a C-clef and a bass staff. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts feature eighth-note patterns and sustained notes. The basso continuo part features sixteenth-note patterns and sustained notes. The score concludes with a dynamic marking of *ff*.

Crown of all glo - - - ry, pride of min-strels, hail!

Long may thy walls give back our voic - es,

Glo - - - ry and pride of min - - strels, hail! hail!

The musical score consists of three staves of music. The top staff features a treble clef, a key signature of two flats, and a tempo marking of *ff*. The middle staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff also has a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The lyrics are integrated into the musical lines, with the first and third stanzas aligned under the top staff and the second stanza under the middle staff. The music includes various dynamics like *ff* and *ff*, and rhythmic patterns such as eighth-note chords and sixteenth-note patterns.

RICHARD WAGNER

51

Crown of all glo - - ry, hail! hail!

ff ff

hail! Glo - ry and pride of

ff ff

min - strels, hail!

ff a tempo

This image shows a page from a musical score by Richard Wagner. The top line features a soprano vocal part with lyrics in English: "Crown of all glo - - ry, hail! hail!". The piano accompaniment consists of two staves, one for treble and one for bass. The music is in common time, with a key signature of four flats. The vocal part has several sustained notes and some eighth-note patterns. The piano part includes dynamic markings like "ff" (fortissimo) and sixteenth-note patterns. In the middle section, the vocal line continues with "hail!" followed by "Glo - ry and pride of". The piano accompaniment remains consistent with its earlier patterns. The final section begins with "min - strels, hail!" and ends with "ff a tempo". The piano part concludes with a series of eighth-note chords.

Roses from the South

*M. Louise Baum**Johann Strauss*

Arr. from Opus 388 by H. S. Leavitt

dim.

*Andantino**poco cres.*

Andantino

By day, by night, the rose is bright And

pour its in - cense rare . . .

in - cense rare . . . In car - mine tide of love and pride, Or ros - y

Or white that's pure and fair.

blush of sun-set flush; From cup of gold that's free and bold, white and fair.

JOHANN STRAUSS

53

Ros - es of May,

laugh to the day; O dance! O gleam! O dance! O

Ros - es of May, laugh to the day; O dance, and dance and
Ros - es of May, day. O dance! O

May, day, O ros - es, dance and

A musical score for 'The Moonlight Gleam' featuring two staves. The top staff shows lyrics like 'gleam!', 'Ros-es of June,' 'pale 'neath the moon,' 'So pale, so calm, you sweet ly', and 'gleam! Ros-es of June, . 'neath the moon, So pale, so calm, you sweet ly'. The bottom staff shows musical notation with various dynamics and markings.

2nd time omit to the sign \oplus

A musical score page for 'The Moonlight'. The vocal part is in soprano C-clef, and the piano part is in bass F-clef. The vocal line includes lyrics like 'dream. State - ly ros - es, the moon - light en-wraps you, while you list my'. The piano part has a harmonic progression with various chords and rests. The score is set against a background of horizontal dashed lines.

dream.

lute, my mur - mur - ing lute; It tells you a se - cret. Ros - es

cres.

f *mute!* *p* V₂

all be sweet - ly mute, sweet-ly mute! The tells you a se - cret, nev-er

Ros - es, ros-es, be mutel

V₂

cres.

tell; Oh ros - es, be mute. . . . Strains en - chant - ing

fz

pp

haunt all the air ten-der - ly there; Mu . . sic wraps us, sooth-ing the heart, .

rall. e dim. mp a tempo

Tents for the bee
ros - es may

Ros - es swing - ing, sway - ing, Tents for the bee ros -

rall. e dim. mp a tempo

Ros - es are swing-ing, sway - ing, Ros - es, ros -

rall. e dim. p a tempo

be; cres. f dim. D. S. ♫
bee. Dear de - light . . . to the rose-heart his songs im - part. . By dream
es; - es.

his songs im - part. D. S. ♫
cres. mf dim. D. S. ♫
cres. - cen - do

ff ♪ Joy, joy and joy a - gain the re -
ff ♪ ff ♪ ff ♪

ff ♪ ff ♪ ff ♪

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the voice (soprano) and the bottom staff is for the piano. The vocal part includes lyrics in English. The piano part features harmonic patterns and dynamic markings like 'rall. e dim.', 'mp a tempo', 'f', 'dim.', 'D. S. ♫', 'mf', 'cres.', 'ff', and 'p'. The score is set in common time with a key signature of one sharp (F#).

frain . . . that we are
 frain we are sing - ing, And it's joy, love, . yes, joy and love that the

ros - es . . are bring - ing, and its hark! hear! the sto - ry fills the year with
 fill - ing

all de - light. Oh, tho' we sigh, "Sum - mer, good - by,"
 year with de - light, fills with all de - light.

JOHANN STRAUSS

57

Conquest of the Air

*M. Louise Baum**Andante marcato
con molto expressione**Peter Tschaikowsky*Arr. from the Andante of the Fifth Symphony
by Ralph L. Baldwin

poco marcato

p dolce

Splendid the jour - ney, Sol - emn the tour - ney, Prov-ing of prow - ess un - known to

p dolce

O splen - did tour - ney, Sol - - emn

p dolce

p dolce

sto - ry; Dread-ful the arch - es where the wind marches; There lies the air, wid - er field of

animato un poco

riten.

riten.

sto - ry; Dread - ful arch - es of glo - - -

riten.

animato un poco

riten.

animato un poco

riten.

glo - ry! Mar - vel of sag - es, Dream of the a - ges! Po - et and
 ry! Mar - vel of sag - es, Dream of the a - - - ges! Po - et and seer fore -
 ry! The dream of a - - - ges!

seer have fore-told the won - der! Man is a - wing there, Breez-es that
 told the won - der! Man is a-wing there, Breez-es that sing .
 Po - ets have fore - told, have fore - told it all, And now winds a - - -
 Po - ets have fore - told, Now winds a - - -

accel. e cres.

sing there, Pause in their path, Leash - ing their wrath, See-ing the

there, Breez-es that sing, Pause in their path, their path, Leashing their wrath, their wrath ;

fling there, Stay their path, Leash their wrath ;

he - ro whom fate with the ea - gle would mate, They breath - less wait!

He - ro great, Ea - gle's mate; They wait!

He - ro great, Ea - gle's mate; They wait!

pp

Con - qu'ror, your fame . . . Hath lit a death-less flame! Rous-ing man-kind from

pp

Con - qu'ror's fame hath lit a death-less flame! Rous-ing man -

Con - qu'ror, con - qu'ror, your fame, your fame, Rous - ing man from

pp

Con - quer - or, your fame Rous - es man from

rall. *a tempo* *animando*

sloth and earth-ly shame To bid them a - rise . . . and claim the skies,

rall. *a tempo* *animando*

kind from earth - ly shame, A - rise, rise and claim the

sloth and earth - ly shame To bid them a - rise and claim the

animando

rall. *a tempo* *animando*

sloth and earth - ly shame. O claim the skies!

accel.

cres.

2 2

Free - dom's prize ! Claim the skies, freedom's prize ! While they rise un - der yon - der dis - tant

2 accel.

cres.

skies, claim the skies 'neath star - - ry
skies, and claim the skies 'neath star - - ry

Rise and claim the skies 'neath star - ry eyes;

2 2

accel.

cres.

2 2

f

maestoso ff

star - ry eyes, Suns be - hold them in awed surprise, For lone as you swing,

f

maestoso ff

eyes, Suns, be - hold ! Ah! Lone as you swing, .

f

maestoso ff

eyes, Suns, be - hold ! Ah! Lone as you swing, Fear - less

f

maestoso ff

Suns, be - hold in awe ! Lone as you swing, Fear - less

ff

Fear - less a - wing, Bound - less the blue O - pens to you, it

ff

Fear - less a - wing . . . The bound - less blue now o - pens there to

Fear - less a - wing . . . The bound - less blue now o - pens there to

ff

Fear - less a - wing, . . . The blue there, the blue

ff

rall. *a tempo mf*

o - pens to you! So far, wing you far! Seek - ing your star, Fear-less and lone,

rall. *a tempo mf*

you, Ah yes, a - far, wing far, wing far! Fear - less and

you, Ah yes, a - far, . . . far, wing you far, seek - ing your star. Ah,

rall. *a tempo mf*

o - - - - pens . . . to you. Fear

rall. *tempo mp* *pp*

rall. *p*
2 2

Wing you on! On! On! . . .

lone, Wing you on! On! . . .

Fear - less and lone, wing you on! on! . . .

less, fear - less and lone, wing you on!, wing you on! . . . Brave air - man, on! . . .

rall. *p*
2 2

rall. *p*
2 2

Chorale

From "St. Matthew Passion"

By Johann Sebastian Bach

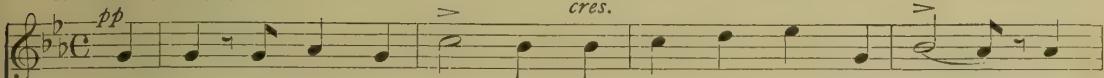
Maestoso
mp

Com-mit thy ways,O pil - grim On time's dark storm-y seas, To Him who or - ders

all things Thro' sweet e - ter - ni - ties. Who meas - ures out their cours - es To

clouds,winds,waves be - low, He too will find a path - way,Where-in thy feet may go.

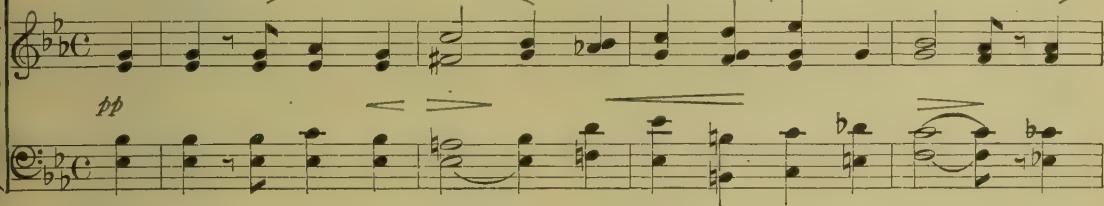
Good Night, Good Night, Beloved!

*H. W. Longfellow**Andante cantabile**Ciro Pinsuti*

Good night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er thee! Good



Good night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er thee! Good

*Andante cantabile*

night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er thee! I come to watch o'er thee!



night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er thee! I come to watch o'er thee!



f risoluto *cres.* *f* *rinfz.*

To be near thee, to be near thee, a - lone is peace for me; To be near thee, to be

rinfz.

To be near thee, a - lone is peace for me; To be

risoluto *cres.* *rinfz.*

near thee, a - lone is peace for me! . . . Good night, . . . be - lov - ed, I

near thee, a - lone is peace for me! . . . Good night, . . . be - lov - ed, I

near thee, a - lone is peace for me! . . . Good night, good night,

rall. *Tempo I* *cres.*

come to watch o'er thee! Good night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er

come to watch o'er thee! Good night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er

Tempo I

rall. *pp*

thee!.. Good night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er thee!.. I
 thee!.. Good night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er thee!.. I

un poco rit. *Tempo I* *dolce con grazia*

come to watch o'er thee!. Thine eyes are stars of morn - ing, Thy lips are crim - son
 come to watch o'er thee!. Thine eyes are stars of morn - ing, Thy lips are crim - son

Are crim - son

Tempo I *dolce con grazia*

pp 1=3

flow'rs, Thy lips are crim - son flow'rs.

pp b6=1 *1=b6*

flow'rs, Thy lips are crim - son flow'rs. Good

flow'rs, Thine eyes are stars of morn - ing, Thy lips are crim - son flow'rs.

p *pp*

5- \flat s *rall.* *molto rit.*

Good-night, be - lov - ed, the wea - ry hours, . While I
 night, 3=1 be - lov - ed, the wea - ry hours, . While I
 While I count the wea - ry hours, . While I

rall. *molto rit.*

p Tempo I *cres.*

count the wea - ry hours. Good night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er
 count the wea - ry hours. Good night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er

p Tempo I

thee. Good night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er thee, I
 thee. Good night, good night, be - lov - ed! I come to watch o'er thee, I come,

animando

animando

poco a poco

f

p

come, I come, I come to watch, to watch o'er
 come, I come, I come to watch, to watch o'er
 . . . I come, I come to watch, to watch o'er
 come, I come, I come to watch, to watch o'er

poco a poco

f *dim.* *p*

thee, I come, . . . I come to watch, to watch o'er thee. Good night,
 thee, I come, I come to watch o'er thee. Good
 thee, I come, I come to watch o'er thee. Good

dim. *p*

rall. e dim. *pp*

. . . good night, . . . good night. . .
 night, good night, good night, good night.
 night, good night, good night, good night.
 good night, . . . good night. . .

p rall. e dim. *pp*

The Forest Dance

Louis C. Elson

Allegro vivace

f

Johannes Brahms

Arr. from Hungarian Dance, No. 5

Tread the dance in mer - ry ring; Cir - cle
Shout a - loud the for - est song, While the

La la, Full of dancing light!
La la, Echoes far the sound.

Sing we too a cheer - ful lay; Pipe it long,
Swing your steps with skill and care, Danc - ing well,

pipe it sweet and low.
 trip - ping light with grace. Lift a tune both quaint' and gay,
 Fair - aies may be watch - ing there.

La As a - round we go! . .
 La In this haunt - ed place. . .

Come and join us, join our mer - ry, mer - ry dance; Back we go and
 As we dance we all must wa - ry, wa - ry be, In the meas - ure

Come and join us, join our danc - - ing, Now re - treat - ing,
 As we dance we must be wa - - ry, In the meas - ure

meno mosso

then we cheer - i - ly ad - vance While the elf - in mu - sic
blithe and full of mer - ry glee; Tread - ing light - ly with an

meno mosso

now ad - vanc - - - - ing; With the elf - in mu - sic
blithe and air - - - - y; Tread - ing light with step most
While the elf - in mu - sic
Tread - ing light - ly with an

p

With the elf - in mu - sic
Tread - ing light with step most

meno mosso

p piu mosso

rit.

f tempo primo

shall re - sound. Come! And join the meas - ure in a mer - ry, mer - ry round.
art - less grace. Come! And join the meas - ure with a mer - ry, mer - ry pace.

f tempo primo

sound - ing. Come! And join the meas - ure in mer - ry round.
grace - ful. Come! And join the meas - ure with mer - ry pace.

shall re - sound.
art - less grace.

f tempo primo

sound - ing.
grace - ful.

FINE

f tempo primo

Request

Robert Franz
Arr. from Opus 9 No. 3

Largo sostenuto

1. Turn on me thine eyes' dark ra-diance, Flood my heart with ten-der light,
 2. Stars a-shine in heav-en lone-ly, Oft in dreams are friend-lier grown;

Ear-nest, mild, in dream-like glo-ries, Like a star-lit, bound-less night.
 So thine eyes, a dis-tant splen-dor, Close to mine in dreams I've known.

Weave a spell of dark-ling mag-ic, Spir-it me to worlds a-far,
 Eyes that search my in-most be-ing, Read-ing there my loy-al vow,

Where-in thou a-lone shalt rule me, Maid-en, thou.. my guid-ing star!
 Deep-er glow in sweet sur-ren-der, Dark eyes, would that dream were now!

Daybreak

*Mary Stanhope**Frederic Chopin*

Arr. from the Nocturne Opus 9, No. 2

*Andante**espress. dolce*

The ros - es are wak - ing, The moon's pale dawn is break - ing; Thro'

dim. p pp

calm brood-ing si - lence Ech-oes the night-in - gale's tone. And the song ris - es clear - er,

dim. p pp

poco ritard f a tempo

O-ver the lawns thrilling near - er. Ah, voice of rap - ture, Joy thou in thine own.

poco ritard f a tempo poco rall.

Long . . . as thou trill - est, The peace - ful heart thou fill - est With

As long . . . as thou trill - est, The heart thou fill - est . . .

Long . . . as thou trill - est, The peace - ful heart thou fill - est With

Long as thou trill - est, The heart thou . . . fill - est With

p a tempo

FREDERIC CHOPIN

75

mu - sic and beau - ty Wrought by thy mag - ic a - lone. O fragrance and song,

With music, with music and beauty Wrought by thy magic a - lone.

mu - sic and beau - ty Wrought by thy song a - lone.

dim.

Breathe sweetly and long, O fra-grance and song, breathe sweetly and long, O fra-grance and

Breathe sweet-ly and long, O fra-grance and song, breathe sweetly and long, O fra-grance and

cres.

song, breathe sweet-ly and long.

song, breathe sweet-ly and long.

dim.

rall. smorz. pp

f dim. rall. smorz. pp *Tempo I* ppp

The musical score consists of ten staves of music for piano. The first two staves feature a vocal line with lyrics and dynamic markings like 'dim.' and 'p'. The third staff begins with a piano accompaniment in common time, featuring eighth-note chords. The fourth staff continues the piano part with a dynamic 'cres.'. The fifth staff introduces a vocal line with lyrics and a dynamic 'dim.'. The sixth staff continues the piano part with a dynamic 'cres.'. The seventh staff features a vocal line with lyrics and a dynamic 'dim.'. The eighth staff continues the piano part with a dynamic 'rall. smorz. pp'. The ninth staff features a vocal line with lyrics and a dynamic 'f dim.'. The tenth staff concludes the piece with a piano accompaniment in common time, featuring eighth-note chords and a dynamic 'rall. smorz. pp' followed by 'Tempo I' and 'ppp'.

Venetian Summer Night

Mary Stanhope

Allegro moderato

ten. ten.

ten. ten.

ten. ten.

Moritz Moszkowski

Arr. from Op. 34, No. 1 by Sewall Day

ten. ten.

ten.

Dolce

Ven - ice lures us, lures us with mu - sic of
Ven - ice rocks us, rocks on her cool crad - ling

p valsant

June. deep.
yes, of June. Ven : - ice lures us
crad - ling deep. Ven : - ice locks us

June. deep.

moon,
sleep;

un - der the mag - i - cal moon,'neath the moon, Drift - - ing,
close in her cen - tu - ried sleep, in her sleep; Past and

moon,
sleep;

lull'd by her ech - o - ing charm, On the
merg - ing in one rapt de - light, As the

dream - - ing, lull'd by her charm, by her charm,
fu - - ture, merged in de - light, rapt de - light,

lull'd by her charm,
in rapt de - light,

leggiero

lift gon - - of her tide as we ride, For - ev - - er we
do - lier's song floats a long, En - chant - - ing the

la la la as we ride, We
la la la floats a long, The

la la la ride, as we ride, We
long, floats a long, The

bide, long,

I

bide, yes, we bide, in her circ - ling arm.
song, yes, the song, star - be - jew - eled night.
arm. night.

Ah, dream - ing,

bide. arm. Ah, dream - - ing,
song. night.

I

FINE O there is calm, O there is
sum - mer night. O there is calm, O there is calm, O there is
sum - mer night. O there is calm, O there is calm, O there is
sum - mer night.

2 and 3

mp

FINE

2 and 3

mp

p

piu p

balm! un poco pesante

balm! O there is balm! All on the wa - ters of Ven - ice the old - en With
Wa - ters of Ven - ice the old - en With
un poco pesante

un poco pesante

and laugh - ter there - aft - er. Soft o'er the main,
 mu - sic dim. e rit. a tempo
 That ech - oes Ah! O'er o'er the main, main,
 Ah! O'er the main soft - ly

dim. e ritard grazioso
 wind-fair-ies train, . . . Treading the moon-path, moon-path gold - en. Say a -
 wind-fair-ies, fair-ies train, Treading the moon-path gold - en. Sad world, a -

dieu, . . . Fare - well to you. . . Here ev - er - more peace and hap - pi - ness reign.
 dieu, . . . to you. . . Here peace . . . and hap - pi - ness reign.
 dieu, . . . Fare-well to you. . .

D.S.

$b_3=2$ $7=1$ dim. et rit.

$1=7$ $\#5=6$

$1=7$ $\#1=2$ dim. et rit.

$1=7$ $3=4$

D.S.

dim. et rit.

Divine Guidance

T. Hastings

Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart
"Ave Verum"*Adagio**pp*

1. Gen - tly, Lord, O gen - tly lead us, Pil - grims in this
 2. In the hour of pain and an - guish, In the hour when

*pp**Adagio*Un - til our last great
O suf - fer not our

vale of tears, Thro' the tri - als yet de - creed us, Till our last great
 death draws near, Suf - fer not our hearts to lan - guish, Suf - fer not our

*cres.*yet de - creed us,
hearts to lan - guish,*cres.**f*change ap-pears.
souls to fear.When temp-ta - tion's darts as - sail us,
And, when mor - tal life is end-ed,*dim. p*

dim.

When in de - vious paths we stray,
Bid us in Thine arms to rest,

pp cres.

Let Thy good-ness nev - er fail us,
Till by an - gel bands at - tend-ed,

Let Thy good-ness nev - er
Till by an - gel bands at -

dim.

pp cres.

Let Thy good-ness nev - er
Till by an - gel bands at -

O lead us,
We all a -

Lead us in Thy per - fect way.
We a -wake a - mong the blest.

fail us, Lead us all in Thy per - fect way.
tend - ed, We a - wak - en a - mong the blest.

O lead us,
We all a -

fail us, Lead us all in Thy per - fect way.
tend - ed, We a - wak - en a - mong the blest.

dim.

f

lead us in Thy per - fect way.
wake, a -wake a - mong the blest.

dim.

f

tr

dim.

pp

My Heart at Thy Dear Voice

Ferdinand Lemaire

Translated¹

Charles Camille Saint-Saëns

Arr. from the Grand Opera "Samson and Delilah" by Sewall Day

Andantino

p dolce e cantabile

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are for voice and piano. The vocal part starts with a melodic line in G minor (two flats) with a tempo of Andantino. The piano accompaniment features a sustained bass note and eighth-note chords in the right hand. The vocal line continues with lyrics in G minor, followed by a section in C major (one flat) with a dynamic of *p p*. The piano accompaniment includes markings for R.H., L.H., and X. The vocal line concludes with a section in G minor with lyrics in G minor, followed by a section in C major with lyrics in C major. The piano accompaniment consists of eighth-note chords throughout.

My heart at
And as a
pp
La la la
p
R.H. X L.H. R.H. L.H.
thy dear voice Doth un - fold like a flow'r,
field of grain, Like the waves of the sea,
la la la la la la la
X X X X X X X X

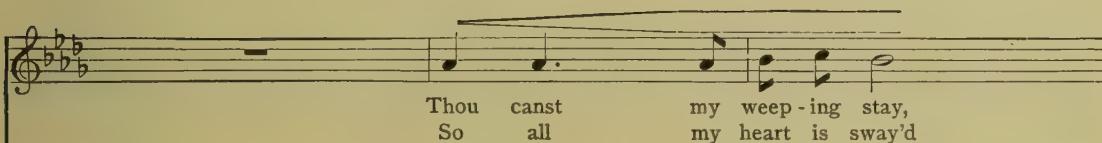


'Neath the breeze . . . rip - ples light - ly,



la la Like a flow'r when
'Neath the breeze . . .

A complex piano accompaniment section featuring sixteenth-note patterns and dynamic markings such as "espress.". The piano part includes sustained notes and rhythmic patterns.



dawn is smil - ing. la la la la la la
rip - ples light - ly, la la la la la la

A complex piano accompaniment section featuring sixteenth-note patterns and dynamic markings like "x". The piano part includes sustained notes and rhythmic patterns.

A final section of the piano accompaniment featuring sixteenth-note patterns and dynamic markings like "x". The piano part includes sustained notes and rhythmic patterns.

7=5

dim.

My sad - ness charm a way. . . .
By breath of love's own rap - ture,

Speak a - gain,
When thy voice

3=1

dim.

la la la la la la

#5=3

7=5

dim.

5=7

speak, be - lov - ed!
breathes thy pas - sion,

Then
The

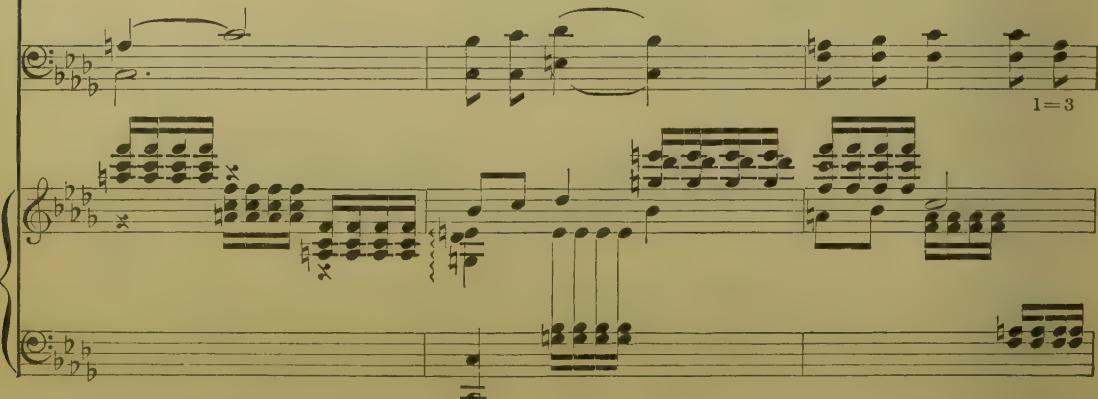
1=3

la

Speak a - gain, . . .

speak, be - lov - ed! Then
breathes thy pas - sion. The

1=3



rinf.

say ar - - thou wilt re - turn in its flight to De - li - lah for a -
 say ar - row wilt re - turn 'Mid the bat - tle's a -
f 4=6

rinf.

aye! alarms, Re - new Moves less swift at my fond plead - ing Thy sweet When I
 aye! alarms, Ah, re - new Moves less swift at my fond plead - ing Thy When I

string.

Vows I dream'd e'er would last!
When I fly to thine arms!

cres. *rit.* *pp*
 Vows I dream'd e'er would last!
 When I fly to thine arms!

rit. *pp*
 dream'd e'er would last, would last!
 fly to thine arms, thine arms!

rit.
 last!
 arms!

dream'd e'er would last, would last!
fly to thine arms, thine arms!

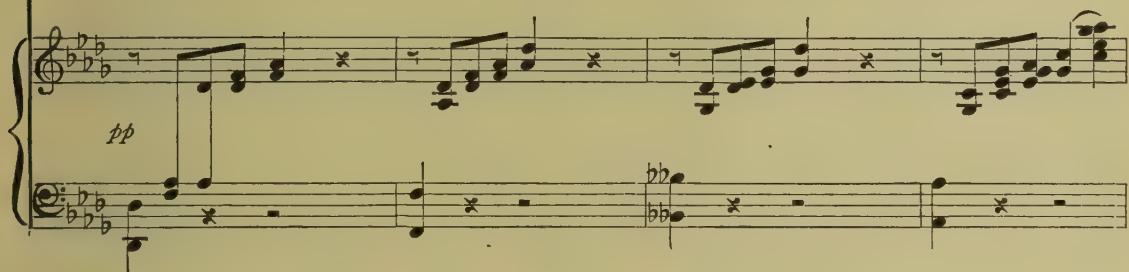
mf dim rit. in - u - en - do

Un poco più lento

Ah, then yield to my ca - ress - es,
 Ah, once more thy vows so ten - der,



Ah, then yield to my ca - ress - es,
 Ah, once more thy vows so ten - der,



All thy heart, my true heart pos - sess - es.
 All thy heart, all thy heart sur - ren - der!



All thy heart, my heart pos - sess - es.
 All thy heart, thy heart sur - ren - der!



Once more thy vows so ten - der, Once more thy vows so ten - der,
 Once more thy vows so ten - der, Once more thy vows so ten - der,

dim.

Ah! . . . all thy heart, . . . all thy heart . . . sur - ren - der!

Ah! . . . all thy heart, all thy heart sur - ren - der!

cres.

De-li - lah! De-li - lah! I . . . love . . . thee!

pp express Ah! all thy heart . . . sur - ren - der! I . . . love thee!

pp molto express dim. pp

Translated

Larghetto

Spirit of Light

Spirto Gentil

Gaetano Donizetti

Arr. from the Grand Opera "La Favorita" by H. S. Leavitt

p dolce

Spir - to gen - til, né so - gni mie - i Bril - las - ti un - di ma ti per - de - i!
An - gel a-dored, once fond - ly cher - ished, Spir - it of dreams, long since that per - ished!

p

Spir - to gen - til, né so - gni mie - i Bril - las - ti un - di ma ti per - de - i!
An - gel a-dored, once fond - ly cher - ished, Spir - it of dreams, long since that per - ished!

p

Spir - to gen - til, né so - gni mie - i Bril - las - ti un - di ma ti per - de - i!
An - gel a-dored, once fond - ly cher - ished, Spir - it of dreams, long since that per - ished!

p

Fug - gi dal cor, Men - ti - ta spe - me! Lar - ve d'a-mor,
Since from my heart hope now hath van - ished! Thou too de-part,

lar - ve d'a-mor,
thou too de-part,

cres.

Fug - gi dal cor, Men - ti - ta spe - me! Lar - ve d'a-mor,
Since from my heart hope now hath van - ished! Thou too de-part,

lar - ve d'a-mor,
thou too de-part,

cres.

Fug - gi dal cor, Men - ti - ta spe - me! Lar - ve d'a-mor,
Since from my heart hope now hath van - ished! Thou too de-part,

lar - ve d'a-mor,
thou too de-part,

cres.

STANDARD SONG CLASSICS

calando

Fug-gi-te in-sie - me, Lar-ve d'a-mor!
False love and ban - ished, thou too de-part!

A te d'ac-can - to, Del ge - ni -
When I am near thee my fa - ther's

calando

Fug-gi-te in-sie - me, Lar-ve d'a-mor!
False love and ban - ished, thou too de-part!

Ac - can-to a te
When near thee

calando

Fug-gi-te in-sie - me, Lar-ve d'a-mor.
False love and ban - ished, thou too de-part!

Ac - can-to a te
When near thee

calando

Ac - can - to a te
When near thee

rall.

a tempo

to - - - re Scor - da - vo il piau - to, La pa - tria, il ciel! . . . Don - na sle
an - - - guish Is all for - got - ten, My coun - try, my God! . . . My dear - est

pp

Scor - da - vo il gen - i - to - re, La pa - tria, il ciel!

Ahi -

I e'en for - get my fa - ther, My coun - try, my God!

My

pp

scor - da - vo il pa - dre, La pa - tria, il ciel!

Ahi -

I for - get my fa - ther, My coun - try, my God!

My

pp

tut - - - to e scor - da - to La pa - tria, il ciel!

Ahi -

all is for - got - ten, My coun - try, my God!

My

pp

cres.

al In tan - to a - mo - re, Seg-na - sti il co - re Don - ta mor-
 foe, can love out - live hon - or? My life is crush'd with shame and with

cres.

mè! in tan - to a - mo - re, Sag - na - sti il co - re
 foe! can love out - live hon - or? My life is crush'd with

cres.

mè! in tan - to a - mo - re, Il cor sag - nas - ti
 foe! can love out - live hon - or? My life, my life is

cres.

mè! in tan - to a - mo - re, Seg - nas - ti co - re
 foe! can love out - live it? My life is crush'd, Ah! is

cres.

tal! Ahi-mè! ahi-mè! . . Spir - to gen-til, né so - gni mie - i
 woe! A - las! a - las! . . An - gel a-dor'd, once fond - ly cher - ish'd,

D'on - ta mor-tal! Ahi-mè! . . Spir - to gen-til, né so - gni mie - i
 shame and with woe! A - las! . . An - gel a-dor'd, once fond - ly cher - ish'd,

D'on - ta mor-tal, Ahi-mè! . . Spir - to gen-til, né so - gni mie - i
 crush'd with shame and woe! A-las! . . An - gel a-dor'd, once fond - ly cher - ish'd,

D'on - ta mor-tal . . Ahi - mè! . .
 crush'd with shame, with shame and woe! A-las!

string.

cres.

♩

Bril - las-ti un-di ma ti per-de - il Fug - gi dal cor,
Spir - it of dreams, long since that per - ish'd! Since from my heart

♩

Bril - las-ti un-di ma ti per-de - il Fug - gi dal cor, .
Spir - it of dreams, long since that per - ish'd! Since from my heart .

♩

Bril - las - ti un - di ma ti per-de - il Fug - gi dal cor,
Spir - it of dreams, long since that per - ish'd! Since from my heart

♩



cres.

Men - ti - ta spe - me! Lar - ve d'a-mor, lar - ve d'a-mor,
hope now hath van - ish'd, Thou, too, de-part, thou, too, de-part,

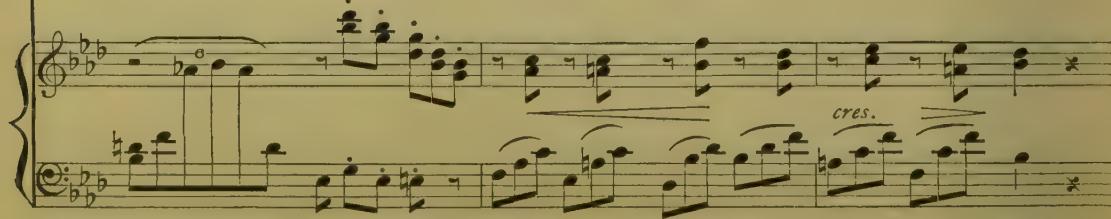
cres.

Men - ti - ta spe - me! La - ve d'a-mor, lar - ve d'a-mor,
hope now hath van - ish'd, Thou, too, de-part, thou, too, de-part,

cres.

Men - ti - ta spe - me! Lar - ve d'a-mor, . lar - ve d'a-mor,
hope now hath van - ish'd, Thou, too, de-part, . thou, too, de-part,

cres.



rall. > a tempo rall.

Fug - gi - te in sie - me, lar - ve d'a - mor! Fug - gi - te in sie - me, lar - ve d'a -
False love and ban - ish'd, thou, too, de - part. False love and ban - ished, thou, too, de -
rall. a tempo rall.

Fug - gi - te in sie - me, lar - ve d'a-mor! Fug - gi - te in sie - me, lar - ve d'a -
False love and ban - ish'd, thou, too, de - part. False love and ban - ish'd, thou, too, must
rall. a tempo rall.

Fug - gi - te in sie - me, lar - ve d'a - mor! Fug - gi - te in sie - me, lar - ve d'a -
False love and ban - ish'd, thou, too, de - part. False love and ban - ished, thou, too, must de -
rall. a tempo rall.

Fug - gi - te in sie - me, Lar - ve d'a - mor! Fug - gi - te in sie - me, lar - ve d'a -
False love and ban - ish'd, thou, too, de - part. False love and ban - ish'd, thou, too, must de -
rall. a tempo rall.

a tempo rall. 3

mor, Fug - gi - te in siem, fug - gi - te in siem, lar - ve d'a - mor!
part, Ban - ish'd thou art, false love de - part, thou, too, de - part!

a tempo rall. 3

mor, . Fug - gi - te in siem, fug - gi - te in siem, lar - ve d'a - mor!
part, . Ban - ish'd thou art, false love de - part, thou, too, de - part!

a tempo rall. 3

mor! Fug - gi - te in siem, fug - gi - te in siem, lar - ve d'a - mor!
part, Ban - ish'd thou art, false love de - part, thou, too, de - part!

a tempo rall. 3

a tempo rall. p

La Czarine

Louis Ganne

Arr. from the Shorter Instrumental Form "La Czarine"

Maestoso $\frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{8}{8}$: *f bien rythme*

Praise and homage to our lovely Queen, No-ble Queen, La Czar-ine! May her life be glad, her days be long,

\frac{ff}

Free from harm, safe from wrong! Ten-der is the love we give our Queen, Love - ly Queen,

\frac{ff}

La Czar-ine! May it guard her through the dark-est night Till the light makes it bright.

Guard through the night,

Vivace *mf*

molto ritenuto *mf a tempo*

Now the witch-ing mu - sic ech - oes far and wide, tra la la la la, Come, join in our

molto ritenuto

f *mf* *a tempo*

Vivace

mf

molto ritenuto *p a tempo*

f

Vivace —

mf

danc - ing, Our songs en - tranc-ing, Smil-ing fac - es turn to watch us as we swing and

Vivace
mf

glide, tra la la, Ah! list to the meas-ure, come dance, tra la la.

ff rit. *tempo* *f* *rit.* *ten.*

ff rit. *tempo* *f* *rit.* *ten.*

ten.

ff rit. *f* *tempo* *rit.*

\oplus omit to CODA

None is fair - er in this fes - tive scene Than our Queen, La Czar-ine! Gen - tle is her face, yet

\oplus omit to CODA
marcato

mf

proud her mien, Ra-diant Queen, La Czar-ine! Loy - al voi - ces join to hail our Queen,

ff

Gracious Queen, La Czar-ine! While we dance with spirits high and keen For our Queen, La Czar-ine!

ff

Dance with spir - it keen

s

Sweet is the mel - o - dy ten - der - ly flow - ing, Hon - or be-

p

stow - ing, grat - i - tude show - ing. Sing we in tri - umph, her

love - li - ness know-ing; With fac - es glow-ing, praise we the Queen.

'Let joy a - bound; this is no time for sad-ness. All are now cheerful,bright, and gay.

Grief or care none shall dare display. Laugh while you may and so in - crease our glad-ness.

poco rall. ff a tempo

poco rall. ff a tempo

ff tempo

mf *cres.* *f*

Dance our ma - zur - ka and join our round - e - lay. Come, dance and

mf *cres.*

join our lay,

mf *cres.* *f*

Be hap - py while you may. Ten - der mu - - sic sweet - ly flow - ing,
rit. *p* *Tempo I*

sing! Be gay! Sweet is the mel - o - dy ten - der - ly flow - ing,
rit. *p* *Tempo I*

Hon - or show - ing, praise be - stow - ing, Swift the time of
rit. *p* *Tempo I*

Hon - or be - stow - ing, grat - i - tude show - ing, Swift - ly the time of our
Hon - or show - ing, praise be - stow - ing, Swift the time of

joy is go - ing, Soon comes part - ing: joys must end. *D.S.*

pleas - ure is go - ing, Soon comes the part - ing: All joys must end.

joy is go - ing, Soon comes part - ing: joys must end.

joy is go - ing, Soon comes part - ing: joys must end.

D.S.

CODA Wide is our land as it stretch - es be - fore us; We tell the glo - ry

fff Largemente

Wide the land is spread be - fore us; Tell its glo - ry,

Wide is our land as it stretch - es be - fore us; We tell the glo - ry

Wide the land is spread be - fore us; Tell its glo - ry,

8

CODA > > > > >

in song and sto - ry. Gen - tle, yet might - y our Em - press reigns o'er us;

cres.

song and sto - ry. Gen - tle, might - y Queen reigns o'er us;

in song and sto - ry. Gen - tle, yet might - y our Em - press reigns o'er us;

cres.

song and sto - ry. Gen - tle, might - y Queen reigns o'er us;

8>

cres.

rit.

cher-ish'd pro - tect - or!

Louis C. Elson

The Hour of Rest

Ludwig Van Beethoven
Arr. from Sextette, Op. 81

Adagio ♫

1. Now the sun is in the west de-scend-ing; Twi-light is pour'd o'er the
 2. Work may bring its praise for la-bors end-ing; Sor-row may sing, while it

eyes of wea-ry day; Sweet fra-grance as of peace, of peace, With pur-ple shad-ows
 waits the end of wrong. Till day's long strife has won, has won, The prize that hope is

cres.

blend-ing, Will breathe surcease from care
 send-ing, And, with the set-ting sun,

Be-neath the sun-set, sun-set ray.
 The peo-ple home-ward, homeward throng.

ray.
throng.

rall.

each care.
the sun,ray.
throng.

tempo ♫

See the sun is in the west de-scend-ing; Twi-light dims the eye of wea-ry day.
 Work is done, and all are homeward wending; Work is done! Let rest be sweet and long!

tempo ♫

death the foe shall de - liv - er, E-gypt they nev - er, nev - er shall en-slave ! On ! and

guard the sa - cred riv - er, Guard the Nile, E - gyp - tians brave; Ye to

death the foe shall de - liv - er, E - gypt they nev - er, nev - er shall en-slave !

a tempo come prima

Glo - ry to I - sis, pow'r di - vine, Guard - ing from all dis - as - ter! And hail to E-gypt's

ff a tempo come prima

mas - ter, In praise of E - gypt's roy - al lord and king Fes - ti - val songs we sing. O

*pesante**pesante*

hark!

Sil-ver-y trum - pets hear! praising him loud and clear, Sounding far and near! Trumpets

mf

hear, far and near,sounding clear!

All hail!

heroes their master's name praise in a

*>**>**>**>*

proud ac - claim; glo - ri - fy his fame! With ac - claim hail his name! Praise his
fame! O hark! Sil - ver - y trump - ets hear! prais-ing him
loud and clear, Sound-ing far and near! Trump - ets hear, far and near, sound - ing
clear! So all hail! he - roes their mas - ter's name praise in a proud ac - claim.
Glo - ri - fy his fame! With ac - claim hail his name! Praise his fame! They're singing

All hail! . . . All hail to him! All hail! . . . All hail to him! Hail to E - gypt's king!

Hail to him! our roy - al lord and king! All hail, our roy - al lord and

Hail, our roy - al lord! Hail to E - gypt's king! Hail, our lord and

Hail to him! all hail! all hail, O hark! Sil - ver - y trump - ets hear, prais-ing him,

king! Hail, all hail! all hail! O sing his glo - ry, sing it

king, E-gypt's mas - ter! Sing his glo - ry, Sing the sto - ry

Sound-ing far and nearl Trump - ets hear, far and near, sound-ing clear!

loud and clear! Sing his praise, and sound it loud and clear!

cres.

f ritenuto come prima

Hith - er come, ye he - roes all, And blend your songs of joy and praise with ours, While

f ritenuto come prima

bay and lau - rel o'er . . . you fall, Ye walk in paths of flow'r's.

of flow'r's.

Hith - - - er, ye he - roes all,

Hith - er, he - roes, Blend ye your songs of

joy with ours, While bay and lau - rel o'er you shall fall . . . Your

path is cov - ered with flow'r's. Hail him ! Hail him !

path is strewn with flow'r's. Sil - ver - y trump - ets hear, Praising our All

Sil - ver

Hail him ! Hail him !

Hail E - gypt's king, prais-ing his roy - al fame!

mas - ter's name, our roy - al mas - ter's fame!

hail his name, his roy - al name, prais-ing his fame!

Hail him ! Praising our roy - al mas - ter's fame !

ff

Love's Mission

H. S. Leavitt

Andante

Edward Grieg

Piano accompaniment in 3/4 time, key of G major. Dynamics: *p*, *pp*. The right hand plays eighth-note chords, and the left hand provides harmonic support.

There is no ling-ring shade where love un-dy - ing

Glowes and with

Piano accompaniment in 3/4 time, key of G major. Dynamics: *pp*, *p*. The right hand plays eighth-note chords, and the left hand provides harmonic support.

ra-diance pure breathes in - cense rare; Love breathes an in - cense rare.

There is a

Piano accompaniment in 3/4 time, key of G major. Dynamics: *p*. The right hand plays eighth-note chords, and the left hand provides harmonic support.

balm that stills all rest-less sigh - ing, If love be there, if love be there, If

Piano accompaniment in 3/4 time, key of G major. Dynamics: *p*. The right hand plays eighth-note chords, and the left hand provides harmonic support.

love be there each pain and grief to bear; If love be there each tho't and wish to share.
cres. *ff rit.* *mp*
cres. *ff rit.* *mp*

a tempo *p*
 By sea or moun - tain height, where - e'er we
dim. *a tempo*
 wan - der, Home doth with cords of love each

heart en-twine, with love each heart en-twine. Love wings to

us the bliss of heav - en yon - der, O love di-vine! O
cres.

love di-vine! O love di-vine, for - ev - er on us shine, O
ff

rit. *mp* love di-vine, our in-most hearts en-shrine!

ff rit. *mp* *dim.* *pp*

The Day's Gift

*M. A. L. Lane**Andante maestoso**Felix Mendelssohn*

Arr. from No. 27 of "Songs without Words" by W. W. GILCHRIST

f *ff* *f* *p*

In sol - emn file the days . . . go by; Each bears a gold - en to - ken; We

mf *sf* *p*

mf legato *dim.* *mf*

grasp some tri - fle as . . . they pass, And grieve when it . . . is bro - ken. They of - fer to the

dim. *mf*

As they do pass,

dim. *mp*

f *p* *dim.*

ear - nest soul The chance of high en - deav - or, Rare moments which with good are fraught, And

dim.

sf *p* *dim.*

mf

then are gone for - ev - er. With muf - fled step and shroud-ed form Be -
 muf - fled step, shroud - ed form,

mf *cres.*

muf - fled step, shroud-ed form,

mf *cres.*

yond our ken they take their way; They give no sign, be - tray no scorn, What -
 Be - yond our ken take their way; They give no sign, be - tray

cres.

Be - yond our ken take their way; They give no sign, be - tray no scorn,

3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

cres.

ff

ever price our lives must pay, must pay.

ff

sf ff

ff

In sol - emn file the days go by, Each bears a gold - en to - ken; We

ff

sf ff *con forza*

sf

dim.

grasp some tri - fle as they pass, And grieve when it is gone. And grieve when it is gone. And

dim.

dim.

pp

grieve when it is gone.

pp

dim.

pp

Ped.

Hail, All Hail!

Georges Bizet

Arr. from the Grand Opera "Carmen"

Allegretto moderato

Allegretto moderato

f

1. Hail, all hail! What joy to
2. Now at last a death-ly

meet to - day, When hearts are free from care . . . and all the world is gay!
silence falls . . And ev - 'ry eye is fixed : up-on the out-er walls.

All hail, Brave To - rea - dors!
Oh, hark! What do we hear?

Sol - diers, sweet is your praise!
Oh, hark! What do we hear?

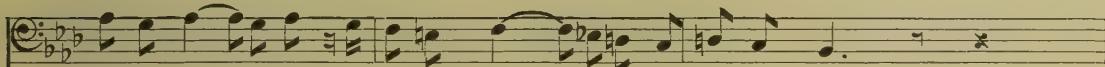


Now, be - hold, . how close-ly
Watch him plunge—he gives a

pp

f

p



ff

p

At such a sea - son Men lose their rea - son. See them talk with one an - oth - er,
Bra - vo, To - rea - dor! Men shout in cho - rus. Off the vic - tim goes but now re -

f

pp

rit. *mf a tempo* Each new-com - er a friend. Voic - es loud - ly cry; With pride the world de - fy.
turns and ra - ges once more. Not a look . is kind, To an - guish all . are blind!

rit. *f*

p a tempo

Who would miss this great and glo-rious scene?
Cru-el eyes but mock him as he dies.

'Tis the crown men give to
All are flee - ing, from the

no - ble val - or;
gates es - cap - ing!

Near - er, near - er do they
Hon - or waits . the To - rea -

lean!
dor!

Come on!
Come on!

be care - ful!
be care - full!

at - tack!
at - tack!

de -
de -

cres - cen - do

dim.

Ah!

Brave To-re-a-dor, may for-tune thee attend!

fend!
fend!

molto

pp

Brave To - rea-dor ! Brave To - rea-dor ! Oh, rest as- sured that glo - ry will not end For

him who wins dis - tin-guish'd men - tion. To you may fall the prize,

Brave To - rea-dor ! There all your guer - don lies.

ff

Brave To-re-a-dor, may for-tune thee at-tend! Brave To - rea-dor! Brave To-re-a-dor!

ff

for-tune at - tend thee!

f

Do not for - get when locked in bit - ter strife Thy home fill'd with ap - pre-

p marcato

Bear thou in mind when lock'd in strife Thy home, thy

p marcato

Rear thou in mind when lock'd in bit - ter strife Thy home, thy

Bear in mind when lock'd in bit - ter strife Thy home is

pp

hen - - - - sion. . . . On guard, man, we im - plore, Brave To - rea - dor!

f

home is fill'd with fear.

home is fill'd with fear.

dim.

fill'd with grav - est fear, thy home is fill'd with grav - est

dim.

pp 1 V 2 p ral - len - tan - do
 For there thou art lov'd more. more; Lov'd more; lov'd more; lov'd
 fear. 2 ral - len - tan - do
 ff pp ral - len - tan - do

a tempo f
 more; To - re - a - dor! To - re - a - dor! . . .

a tempo f

a tempo ff

Home loves thee more. . .

ff tr

The musical score consists of two staves of piano-vocal music. The top staff is for the piano, showing bass and treble clef staves with various chords and rests. The bottom staff is for the voice, with lyrics written below the notes. The score includes dynamic markings such as 'pp', 'ff', 'tr', and 'a tempo f'. The lyrics include 'For there thou art lov'd more.', 'more; Lov'd more; lov'd more; lov'd', 'fear.', 'more; To - re - a - dor! To - re - a - dor! . . .', 'Home loves thee more.', and 'ff' at the end.

My Dream

Emile Waldteufel

Arr. from Opus 151 by Ralph L. Baldwin

Andante

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are for the piano, with the right hand playing eighth-note chords and the left hand providing harmonic support. The bottom two staves are for the voice. The vocal line begins with a sustained note followed by eighth-note chords. The dynamic changes from *p* to *cres.* and then to *f*. The key signature is $\text{C}^{\#}$, and the time signature is $\frac{3}{4}$.

Con anima

Drift - ing, dream - ing, un - der the sun - light gleam - ing, Rock - ing,

The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords. The dynamic is *p*. The lyrics "Drift - ing, dream - ing, un - der the sun - light gleam - ing, Rock - ing," are repeated. The key signature changes to D .

rid - ing, si - lent glid - ing; Lin-gers my light ca-noe where the lake

The vocal line continues with eighth-note chords. The dynamic is *p*. The lyrics "rid - ing, si - lent glid - ing; Lin-gers my light ca-noe where the lake" are repeated. The key signature changes back to $\text{C}^{\#}$.

float . . . 'twixt the az - ure a - bove and be - low me. . . Like a
 yes, a - float With the az - ure a - bout me.

yes, a - float With the az - ure a - bout me.

bird . . . is my boat . . . as I drift where fair fan - cies o'er -
 Like a bird is my boat drift - ing where fan - cies o'er -

Like a bird is my boat Where dreams o'er -

flow me. Oh, all na - - ture is new, . . . in the fresh-ness of
 flow me. Yes, 'tis true na - ture new, in the

flow me. Yes, 'tis true na - ture new, in the

cres.

cres.

dim.

sum - mer a - shine! . . . Lake and land, . . . calm and grand, . . . all this
 fresh - ness of sum - mer a - shine! Lake and land, calm and grand,

dim.

fresh - ness of sum - mer a - shine! Lake and land, calm and grand,

dim.

love - ly world is mine! . . . O my heart, what joy you may know!

the world is mine! . . .

ff

Sun and air and waves are a - glow. O June, mer-ry June, thou, the year's noon,

p Espressivo

Dream thou, my heart, to de - light a - tune. Mys - tic voic - es

rise o - ver the lake . . . And ten - der ech - oes from out the green
from out

o'er the lake . . . And ten - der ech - oes from wood . . .

While with danc - ing feet, Trip - ping light and fleet, Nymphs and

wood - land wake. . . Nymphs are tread - ing dark

wood - land wake. . . Nymphs are tread - ing trees

leggiero

nai - ads meet, Where 'neath the dap - pled shade Wa - ter - y sands are laid. There the wild

cres.

trees all a - mong,

Sprites out of the wave,

ris - ing

cres.

Sprites from the wave

ris - - - ing

a - - mong,

Sprites from

waves

rise

crea - tures now laugh and dance un - a - fraid.

*dim.**Con fuoco ff*

gay and blithe and young. Then sing la la la la la

gay,

blithe

and

young.

gay,

blithe

and young, blithe and young.

*Con fuoco**f*

la as they light - ly on tip - toe trip. La la la la la la comes the

tip - toe trip.

tip - toe trip.

³

Dance, hand in hand, . Where waves kiss the strand, . . O,

Dance, hand in hand, . Where waves kiss the strand, . . O,
 mu - sic to laugh-ing lip. La la la la
 laugh-ing lip. La la la la
 love - ly en - chantment of sum - mer land! Yes, they trace With - out sign Soft and
p Grazioso
 love - ly en - chantment of sum - mer land! their round or sound;
 love - ly en - chantment of sum - mer land!
 sum - mer land! *Grazioso*
p
 light On the air Ev - 'ry face And to me For they
cres. rit. *a tempo*
 and swift they drift. is kind in-clined,
cres. rit. *a tempo*
 trust me here, Hold me dear. . . Dance, ye dry - ads,
mp
pp *p*

EMILE WALDTEUFEL

127

Dain - ti - ly trip where in
cres.

Dance, ye na - iads. Dance ye

cres.

rip - ple and dip of the I dim.
ail, where, by the sil - v'ry wave, shad -
where, by the wave,
where, by the wave,

cres.

dim.

ows lave! sil - v'ry wave the shad - ows lave.

ows lave! sil - v'ry wave the shad - ows lave.

CODA
Risoluto con brillo

ff

Drift - ing, dream - ing, Un - der the sun - light gleam - ing, Rock - ing,
 Lin - gers my light ca - noe

rid - ing, Si - lent glid - ing, Floats my ca - noe,
 Floats my . . . ca - noe, my ca -

Where the lake

where the lake lies blue. . . . ff
 where the lake lies plac-id and blue. . . . Trip-ping-ly, dip-ping-ly, mer-ri - ly,
 noe, where the lake lies blue. . . .

lies calm and blue. . . . ff

sway, Breez-i - ly, eas - i - ly, cheer-i - ly play. All thro' the midsummer's mystic day.
 Joy su - preme! Hap - py dream! hap - py
 rit. Grandioso
 dream! Hap - py dream! Mys - tic voic - es rise o - ver the
 rit. Grandioso
 ff

lake . . . And ten - der ech - oes from out the green wood-land a -

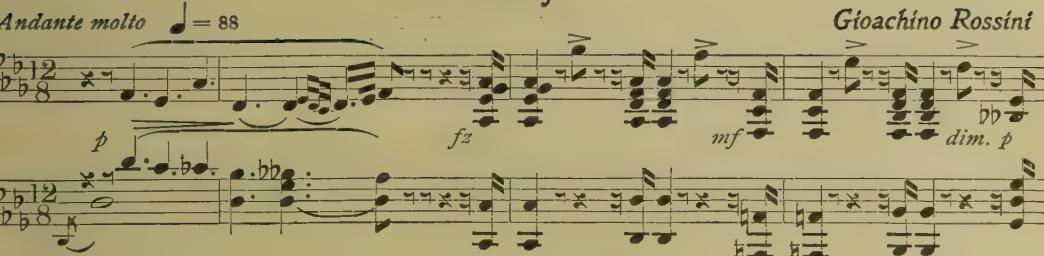
wake. . . I see in dreams the wood - nymphs tread - ing dark branch-es a -

Here love - ly wild crea-tures are dancing all blithe and young. . .

mong. . . Sprites out of the waves rise blithe and young. . .

Ah, love - ly dream ! My dream !

Charity

Andante molto*Gioachino Rossini*

Strength of the ho - ly, Vir - tue di -

S: S:

S: S:

S: S:

sempre staccato

Thou dost con - sole us in all our

vine; Thou on man-kind dost be-nig - nant-ly shine. Thou dost con - sole us in all our

ff. ff.

Thou dost con - sole us in all our
rall. f

pain, . . Light from a - bove . thro' thee we may gain. Light . . from a -

Thou dost con - sole us in all our

rall. ff. ff.

rall.

pain. Light from a - bove . . . thro' thee we may gain.

- - bove thro' thee we all may gain.

pain. Light from a - bove . . . thro' thee we may gain.

f
Thou in thy na - ture God dost re -

veal, Thou . . . canst af - flic - tion ev - er . . . heal. Bless - ed is

he, who, . led by thy might, Bears in his bos - om ce - les - tial de -

light. Bears in his bos - om ce - les - tial de - light

gain.

When on the earth thy reign shall pre-

vail, . . . War's an-gry call . . shall no lon - ger a - vail; . . . Am-bi - tion and

an - ger then . . shall fall, . . . Thy gen - tle pow - er shall con - quer

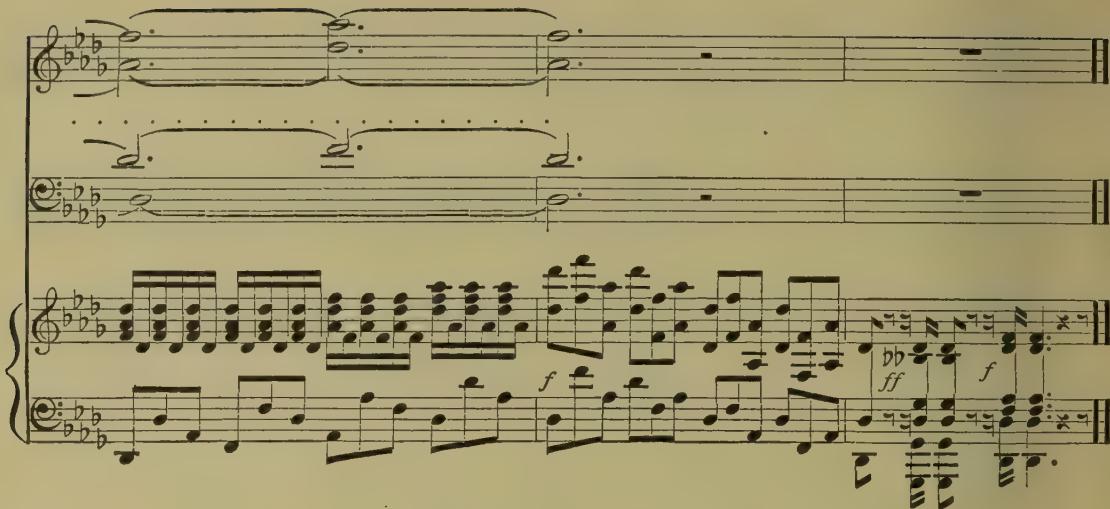
all; War's an - gry call shall no lon - ger a - avail.
rall. D.S.

3 Thou . . . canst af - flic - tion . . . ev - er heal.
 gain. Thou canst af - flic - tion ev - er heal. Bless - ed is
 heal by thy might.

3 Bears in his bos - om ce-les - tial de -
 he, who, led by thy might, led by thy
 led by thy might, led by thy

GIOACHINO ROSSINI

135



Valentine's Farewell

*Charles Gounod**Andante**p*

Arr. from the Grand Opera, "Faust"

Who shall chide a sol - dier's tear When he leaves a

home so dear? Chide the fond fra - ter - - nal pray'r

Breath'd to ask a sis - - ter's care? Guard thou my

Mar - - gue-rite, O Lord, keep Thou this flow'r so sweet!

This fair sis - - ter I have loved so well, Whom now I bid per -

chance . . . a last fare - well,— O God, from paths of dan - ger guide her

For I go where the trump - ets are call - ing; 'Tis

un poco piu animato For I hear the trump - ets call - ing; I

feet! . .

glo - ry to con - quer, 'tis glo - ry to fall! May I bear me with cour-age and knight-ly hon - or true,

go to con-quer or to fall. I go with cour-age strong and true,

For my coun - try to dare and to do. If me to thee God shall bring a - gain,

For my coun - try's hon - or too If I thee shall see a - gain,

p poco piu lento

p poco piu lento

Round thee my ten - der care I'll fling a - gain, O Mar-gue - ri - te!

cres.

f

3

Round thee ten - der care I'll fling, O Mar-gue ri - te!

cres.

f

3

p

cres.

f

Tempo I

When he leaves a

cres.

Who shall chide a sol - dier's tear

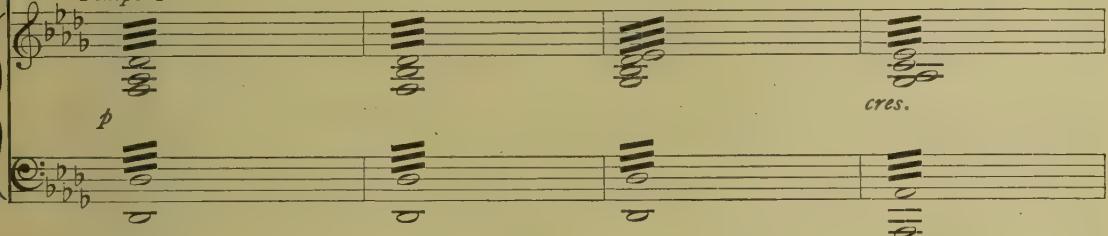
Leav - ing a home so dear?

Tempo I

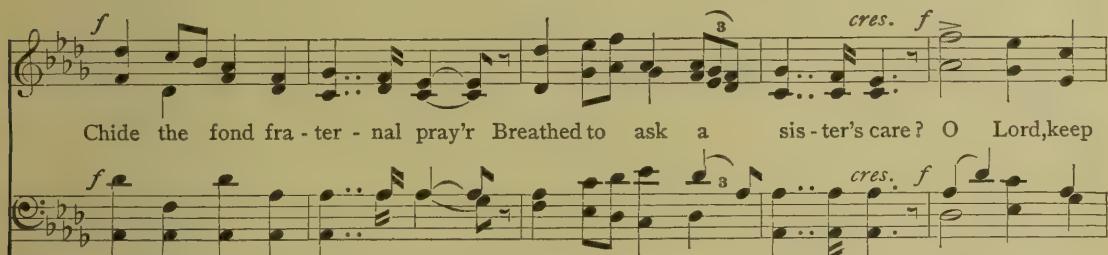
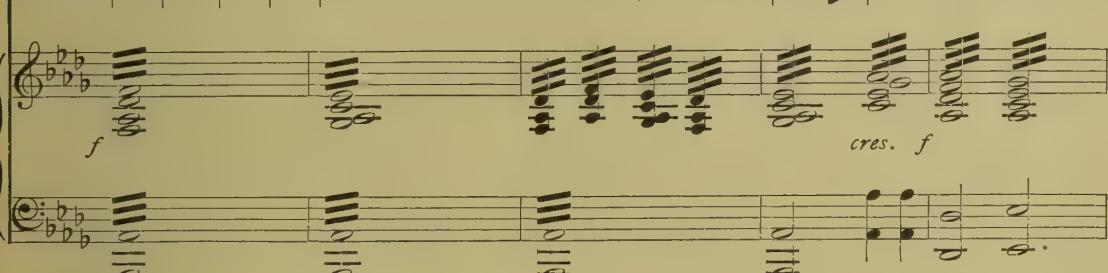
When he leaves a

cres.*Tempo I*

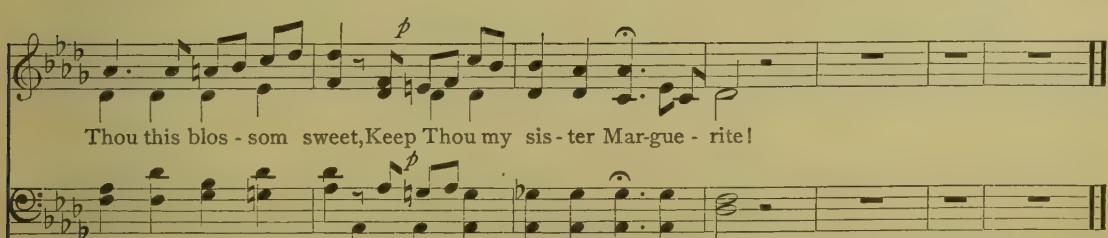
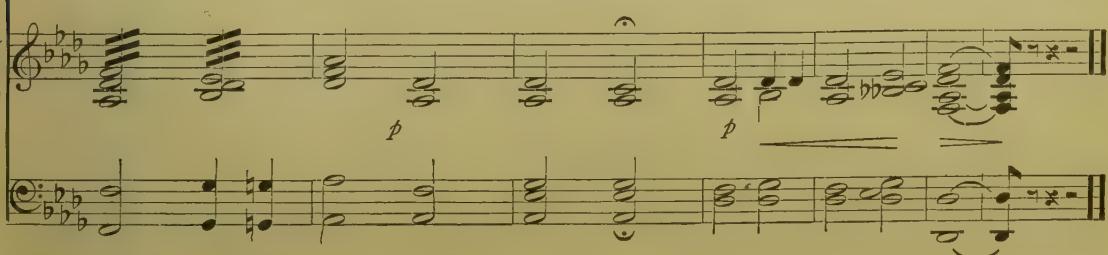
Leav - ing a

cres.*f**cres.**f*

Chide the fond fra - ter - nal pray'r Breathed to ask a sis-ter's care? O Lord, keep

*f**cres.**f**p*

Thou this blos - som sweet, Keep Thou my sis-ter Mar-gue - rite!

*p**p*

Eventide

Hoffmann Von Fallersleben

Translated by Rev. J. Troutbeck

*Franz Abt**Andantino*

1. The sun is down, the eve - ning come, The wea - ry toil - ers all at home; And
 2. E'en now de-scends the cool - ing dew, Each blade and leaf to bless a - new; A -

1. The sun is down, the eve - ning come, The wea - ry toil - ers all at home; And
 2. E'en now de-scends the cool - ing dew, Each blade and leaf to bless a - new; A -

grate - ful calm - ness, peace, and rest Suc - ceed to - day's dis - tract - ing haste.
 mid the flow'r's light breez - es play, And steal their rich - est scents a - way.

grate - ful calm - ness, peace, and rest Suc - ceed to - day's dis - tract - ing haste. The
 mid the flow'r's light breez - es play, And steal their rich - est scents a - way. With

The birds' ac - cus-tom'd voic - es fail; The
 Be - holds the si - lent world a - far, And

poco rit. a tempo

woods are hush'd, and hush'd the vale,
 glist - ning eye, the eve - ning star

The birds' ac - cus-tom'd voic - es fail; The
 Be - holds the si - lent world a - far, And

poco rit. a tempo

ver - y flow'r's are fall'n a - sleep, To wake no more till day shall
 bids thee watch no lon - ger keep; Be still, be still, do thou, too,

ver - y flow'r's are fall'n a - sleep, . . . To wake no more till day shall
 bids thee watch no lon - ger keep; . . . Be still, be still, do thou, too,

p sostenuto riten. dim. *pp*

peep, The ver - y flow'rs are fall'n a - sleep, To wake no more till day shall peep.
sleep. And bids thee watch no lon - ger keep, Be still, be still, do thou, too, sleep.

p sostenuto riten. dim. *pp*

peep, The ver - y flow'rs are fall'n a - sleep, To wake no more till day shall peep.
sleep. And bids thee watch no lon - ger keep, Be still, be still, do thou, too, sleep.

p sostenuto riten. dim. *pp*

H. Heine

Translated and adapted

The Fishermaiden

Giacomo Meyerbeer

p *Andantino quasi allegretto*

1. O, love - ly fish - er - maid, Pray bring in thy boat to land! Come thou through
2. Look, how the sea is turn'd To crim - son in sun - set glow; Hear how the

sum - mer-y fields And roam with me hand in hand. The sul - len deep is cru - el, And
voice of the deep Now croons to us soft and low. To me the wave is friendly And

kind - ly the mead - ow smiles; O trust thee to my faith - ful heart,
fair is the crisp - ing foam; Your green earth has no charm for me,

mead - ow smiles; dolce

miles. home. 1=5

3=1 miles. home. 1=5

Ah, and these fair green miles, and these fair green miles. Hearts that are like the sea Have
Old o - cean is my home, o - cean is my home: Hearts that have known the sea, Its

1=5 miles. home. 1=5

mp ————— *mf* ————— *mp* —————

tem - pest and ebb and flow. My heart hath tides, and storms, And pearls in its
tem - pest and ebb and flow, Love it in change and storm; Its ten - der - ness,

mp ————— *mf* ————— *mp* —————

Come! Come! Come! Thou love - ly fish - er - maid - en,
My boat shall bear us yon - der,

f ————— *p* —————

depths be - low. Come, come, come, come, come! Thou love - ly maid - en,
too, they know. Come, come, come, come, come! I'll bear thee yon - der,

f ————— *p* —————

Come! Come! Come! Come! Come! Come! Come!

f ————— *pp* ————— *p* —————

Come, come, come, come, come, come! We'll wan - der hand in hand. O come! O come, come!
Come, come, come, come, come, come! A - far from earth's dull shores. O come! O come, come!

sf

Longing

*M. A. L. Lane**Andante non tanto
espress.**P. Tschaikowsky*

Arr. by H. S. Leavitt

p express

Far o'er the dark - ning sea Wild wings are

H'm H'm

fly - ing. . . . From drear - y la - bor free, Why hide my sigh - ing?
 H'm H'm

mf

Beyond that
 Beyond that dis - tant shore My home is ly - ing; Be - yond that

dis - tant shore My home is ly - ing; Ah! let me

mf

The musical score consists of three systems of music. The top system shows a vocal line in soprano clef with lyrics, accompanied by a piano or harp line below it. The middle system continues the vocal line and includes dynamic markings 'mf' and 'f'. The bottom system provides harmonic support with sustained chords. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat.

pp

dream once more, For hope is dy - ing. Far o'er the

f

dream once more, For hope is dy - ing. Far o'er the

pp

cres.

mf

dark -'ning sea Wild wings are fly - ing. From drear-y la - bor free, Why

p

dark -'ning sea Wild wings are fly - ing. From drear-y la - bor free, Why

p

cres.

hide my sigh - ing? From drear - y la - bor

f

hide . . . my sigh - ing? From drear - y, From drear -

f

From la - bor, . . . from la - bor

cres.

e - stringendo

ff

free, . . . Why hide my sigh - ing? *pp multo riten.*
Be-yond that

y la-bor free, Why hide my sigh - ing?
free, Why hide, Why hide my sigh - ing?

free, Why hide my sigh - ing?

a tempo

dis - - - tant shore My home is ly - ing. Shall I re -
Be - yond that dis - dant shore My home is ly - ing. . . Shall I re -
Shall I re - turn no more?

Shall I re - turn no

turn no more? My heart is cry - ing.
turn no more? My heart is cry - ing.
Ev - er my heart is cry - ing.

more? My heart is cry - ing.

On to Victory

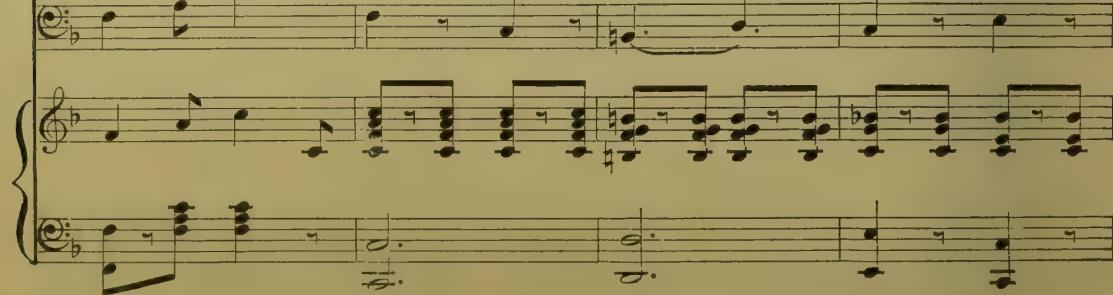
March

Mary Stanhope

David W. Reeves

Arr. from the Second Regt. Conn. Nat. Guard March
by H. S. Leavitt*Alla marcia
com brio**mp*O if you love the game, . . . The sport that's nev - er
young, come old, come all . . . And watch the fate - ful*p*If you love the game, Sport that's
Young and old, come all, Watch the*p*

DRUM SOLO

tame, And cham - pions fair of fame, . . . O come to - day and
ball. . . . How - e'er the chanc - es fall, . . . The best men in arenev - er tame, Men of fame, . . . Come and
fate - ful ball. Chanc - es fall, . . . Best men

mf

cres.

watch the play! The sky is all a - light, . . . Our flags are flash - ing
sure to win! And thick - er yet the crowd, . . . Gay ban - ners like a

mf

cres.

watch the play. Sky is all a - light, Flags are
sure - ly win. Thick - er yet the crowd, Ban - - ners

mf

cres.

mf *cres.*

bright, . . . The field's a splen-did sight . . . As we wait. . . . for our
cloud, . . . Ex - cite - ment grow-ing loud . . . As the team . . . gets in

f

ff

flash - ing bright, The field's a splen-did sight . . . As we wait. . . . for our
like a cloud, Ex - cite - ment grow-ing loud . . . As the team. . . . gets in

f

ff

The field's a splen - did sight As we wait, as we wait for the
Ex - cite - ment grow - ing loud As the team, as the team gets in

f *ff*

All the world is com - ing to watch Our
great - est game of ma - ny a year We'll

team! Come line. All the world will watch great - est game of years Our We'll

team! line. All Great - est world game will of

team! line.

fel - lows make a fa - mous score; The oth - er team has met its match, Our
see be - fore us wres - tled out; So save your voic - es, men, to cheer, Their

watch our fel - lows make a score; Our foes have met their
years we'll now see wres - tled out; So save your voice to



side is sure its play - ers will beat! Their foe they de - fy, It's do or die, For
lads who play with nev - er a slip! Their ar - mor they gird, For "win" is the word! Hur -



seat, Each sure its men will beat. Their foe de - fy, It's do or die, For
lip, They play with - out a slip! Their ar - mor gird, For "win's" the word! Hur -



STANDARD SONG CLASSICS

I *V₂* *TRIO ff*

this is the champion game. The team! Hark! hear the band! Yes, they're
rah for the champion team! Hear the band! hear the band! They're

this is the champion game. team! Hear the band! Yes, they're
rah for the champion team!

ff *ff* *ff* *ff*

com-ing, they're com-ing at last!—
com-ing, they're com-ing at last!
com-ing, they're com-ing at last!—

DRUM SOLO

ff *ff* *ff* *ff*

Yes, here they come! come! come!
Yes, here they come! come! come!
Cheer them, hur-

ff *ff* *ff*

la They're true men and strong,
la We'll cheer them, hur - rah!

f

La la la la la la la

f

rah! Vic-tors they are, True men and
more, Loud as be-fore; Hip, hip hur-

f

la We will cheer them a - long!
la We will ech - o it far!

la la la la la la la

strong, Cheer them a - long! This is the
rah! Ech - o it far! Shout for their

STANDARD SONG CLASSICS

Brave lads of re - nown,
Give our might - y cheer!

La la la la la la la
la la la la la la la
La la la la Prov-ing their pow'r, Shout for their name! Lads of re - One might-y
hour, Prov-ing their pow'r, Shout for their name! Lads of re - One might-y

la And the pride of the town.
la For the vic - t'ry is I town.
la la la la la la la la
nown; la la la la la la la la
cheer!
Pride of the town! Vic-t'ry is near. Give them one

Give them one

2
near. > pp

la It's here and there as they dodge and run, To play your pret - ti - est,
team-work tells and de - fies de -feat: Just keep your heads and you're
la la la la la la la la

> pp

la la la la la la la la

cres.

dim.

that's the fun! But now look out for the cap - tain's call; Who'd win the game must
sure to beat! That's dash - ing play and a stead - y eye; Look out, for now the
la la la la la la la la

cres.

watch the ball! Then hold them,lads, they will nev - er score; A point for us and the
score's a tie! A splen - did dive and a pluck - y run, O hip hurrah! for the
la la la la la la la la cres.

p

la la la la la la la la cres.

cres.

ff

bleachers roar. O that's the way of it, that's the play of it, Bra - vo, fel - lows, well done! It's game is won! Hur-rah! we'll car - ry them, maul and har - ry them; Are they he - roes? they

la la la *ff* *p*

la la Way of it, play of it, Bra - vo, well done! la

la la Car - ry them, har - ry them; He - roes they

ff *p*

are! O we'll cheer them hur - rah! hur - rah! Cheer the lads who have won the game! O

are! *ff* Cheer the lads who have won the game!

f 2

ff

cheer for the he - roes hur - rah! hur - rah! Give them all a hur - rah! ...

ff

Give them all a hur - rah! ...

ff

A Birthday Song

Eduard Jakobowski

Arr. from the Comic Opera "Erminie"

Allegro

Joy, at - tend her on her way; May her heart no sad - ness
 Oth - er scenes her life must know; Oth - er friends will hold her

*f*

feel; Smooth the rug - ged path, we pray, And all emp - ty sor - rows heal;
 dear; But wher - ev - er she may go, Let her still our greet - ings hear!

*p*

Health, draw near - er; Life, grow dear - er, As this day of days re - turns;



For - tune,



For - tune, lend her, quick - ly send her Ev - 'ry gift for which she yearns;
 lend her, quick - ly send her Ev - 'ry gift for which she yearns;

Love, her dai - ly foot-steps guide, Stand thou ev - er at her side! Love, her dai - ly
 Love, her dai - ly

foot - steps guide, Stand thou ev - er at her side! Love, her dai - ly
 foot - steps guide, Stand thou ev - er at her side! Love, her dai - ly

Music score for Charles Gounod's "Footsteps guide, Stand thou ever at her side!" The score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and a key signature of four sharps. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The music includes dynamic markings such as *rall.*, *cres.*, *ff*, *I a tempo*, and *2*. The lyrics "foot - steps guide, Stand thou ev - er at her side! side!" are written below the notes. The score concludes with a repeat sign and a bassoon part.

Unfold, Ye Portals

Charles Gounod

From the Oratorio, "The Redemption"

Music score for Charles Gounod's "Unfold, Ye Portals". The score consists of three staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The middle staff uses a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The music includes dynamic markings such as *Molto moderato*, *f*, *ff*, *:S:*, and *f*. The lyrics "Un - fold, . . . un - fold, . . . un - fold, . . . ye por - tals ev - er - last - ing, un - fold, . . . un - fold, . . . un - fold, . . ." are written below the notes. The score concludes with a bassoon part.

fold, ye por-tals ev - er last - ing, With wel - come to re - ceive . . .

1=2
 4=5

6=7
 4=5

3=7
 6=3

Him as-cend-ing on high! . . . Be - hold . . . the King of Glo - ry, He

1=5

mounts up thro' the sky, . . . Back to the heav'n'l'y mansions hast - ing. Un -

1=5
 6=3

= 5

3 = 1

7 = 5

5 = 3

1 2 FINE

King comes nigh. . . . nigh.

dim.

f

But Who is He: the King of Glo - ry? He Who Death over-

pp

f

3 3

came, The Lord in bat - tle might - y.
dim.

But Who is He, the King of Glo - ry? Of

hosts he is the Lord; of an - gels and of powers; . . . the King of

ff D.S.

Glo - ry is the King of the saints. .

Un -

ff D.S.

D.S.

cres.

Devotion

*Louis C. Elson**Pietro Mascagni*

Arr. from the Opera "Cavalleria Rusticana"

p Andante sostenuto

glad e - mo -

tion,

cres.

Lift up your voic - es in glad e - mo - tion, 'Tis . . . the hour of sa - cred

Andante sostenuto

M.S.

pray'r . And of ho - ly de - - - vo - tion, When earth seems near to

dim.

dim.

p dolce

Stay thou near us!

heav'n, . . . blest and fair. . . Sweet hour of rest; O mo-ment

pp dolcissimo

Ped. *

Ev - er cheer us.

dim.

blest! Heav'n from our hearts is lift-ing ev-'ry doubt and care. . . .

dim.

care, all care.

Ped. *

An - - gels now seem o - ver us wing - - ing,

f

f raseggiando

A musical score for a vocal piece by Pietro Mascagni. The score consists of two staves: a soprano vocal part and a piano accompaniment. The vocal part is in treble clef, and the piano part is in bass clef. The music is in common time. The vocal line includes lyrics such as "Heav'n - ly bless - ings are ev - - 'ry - where.", "O love - ly sing - - ing, Joy to us bring - - ing!", "Ce - les - tial mo - - ments rare!", "It is the", "O bliss di - vine!", "Ah, mo - - ments rare!", and "For con forza". The piano part features harmonic support with various chords and rhythmic patterns. The score is presented on five staves of music.

hour, it is the hour, it is the
 now 'tis the hour, the hour . . . of pray'r. To God on

rall. e dim. sempre

high, Who hears our cry, We lift our grate - ful prayer, We lift our
 rall. e dim. sempre

to

rall. e dim. sempre

dim.

pp morendo

pray'r, we lift our pray'r to God on high!

pp morendo

God, to God on high!

morendo

ppp

A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF EACH SELECTION

And the Glory of the Lord. A chorus from the oratorio "The Messiah."

GEORGE FREDERICK HANDEL, p. 32

(a) The term "oratorio" is applied to a large musical work for chorus and solo voices, with instrumental accompaniment. The text is usually founded on a sacred subject. It is performed without action, costume, or scenery.

(b) "The Messiah" represents the culmination of Handel's genius and is the most popular of all oratorios. It is divided into three parts: the first describes the prophecy, the annunciation, and the birth of the Messiah; the second, his suffering, death, and exaltation; the third makes declaration of the truths of Christianity.

"And the Glory of the Lord" is the first chorus in the oratorio.

Text from the Bible, Isaiah xl, 5.

Angel, The. A duet and part song arranged from the duet of the same title, Opus 48, No. 1.

ANTON RUBINSTEIN, p. 6

(c) By the term "part song" is meant a composition for three or more parts, in which the lower parts are merely an accompaniment.

(d) It is the custom of composers to attach an opus (work) number to each original work, to designate the consecutive order of published compositions.

Poem by W. Stigand.

Birthday Song, A. A chorus from the comic opera "Erminie." EDUARD JAKOBOWSKI, p. 155

(e) An opera is a versified drama or play set to music for voices and instruments, and (f) a comic opera is one made up of gayety and farce in which spoken dialogue occurs.

(g) A brief sketch of "Erminie" is as follows: Ernst, a young nobleman, while on his way to his betrothal ceremony with Erminie, the daughter of the Marquis de Pontvert, is robbed and tied to a tree. The thieves go in his stead. The betrothal is not pleasing to Erminie, who is in love with Eugene, her father's secretary, nor to Ernst, who loves Cerise, Erminie's friend. The opera ends satisfactorily with the robbers in the hands of the law and the happy pairing off of Eugene and Erminie, and Ernst and Cerise.

The music of "A Birthday Song" occurs near the middle of Act II.

Text paraphrased by M. A. L. Lane.

By-gone Days. A song in four parts arranged from the strophe song having the same melody.

ROBERT RADECKE, p. 27

(h) A strophe song is a song in which the different stanzas are sung to the same music.

Charity. A mixed chorus with soprano solos, arranged from the trio "Carita."

GIOACHINO ROSSINI, p. 131

Poem, anonymous.

Chorale. From "St. Matthew Passion."

JOHANN SEBASTIAN BACH, p. 64

(i) By "Passion Music" is meant an oratorio which has for its subject the events of the last hours of the life of Christ.

The music of this "Chorale" occurs five times in the work.

Conquest of the Air, The. A chorus arranged from the second movement — Andante Cantabile — of the Fifth Symphony in E minor.

PETER TSCHAIKOWSKY, p. 58

(j) A symphony is a sonata composed for an orchestra. It consists of different parts or movements, usually four in number, which are so constructed and related as to form a complete musical and artistic whole.

The first movement, usually Allegro (quick, cheerful) is in the sonata form. This form, like most others in music, derives its name from its treatment of themes. (k) The term "theme" is generally used to denote a subject tune of any kind, and in the (l) sonata-form the outline is:

First and Second themes in related keys; thematic development; First and Second themes in the original key.

The second movement, usually Andante (slow, graceful) is in (m) song-form, that is: First theme, Second theme, First theme.

The third movement, Scherzo, is in (n) dance-form, that is, music characterized by dance rhythm.

The last movement, the Finale, is always in rapid tempo and is frequently a (o) rondo, that is, First theme, Second theme (dominant), First theme, Third theme, First theme, Second theme (tonic), Coda.

(p) Tschaikowsky's Fifth Symphony follows the conventional form, except that a waltz is substituted for the Scherzo, the third movement. The general mood of this symphony is somber. A Russian writer says, "The entire symphony seems to set forth some dark spiritual experience. Only at the close the clouds lift, the sky clears, and we see the blue stretching pure and clear beyond."

Poem by M. Louise Baum. Music transcribed and arranged by Ralph L. Baldwin.

Daybreak. A solo and quartet arranged from the Nocturne, Opus 9, No. 2. FRÉDÉRIC CHOPIN, p. 74

(q) A nocturne was originally a night piece, that is, a composition similar to a serenade. At present,

however, this term is applied to a piano composition of dreamy character and quiet rhythm.

Poem by Mary Stanhope.

Day's Gift, The. A four-part chorus arranged from No. 27 of "Songs without Words."

FELIX MENDELSSOHN, p. 111

Poem by M. A. L. Lane. Music arranged by W. W. Gilchrist.

Devotion. A four-part and unison chorus arranged from the "Intermezzo" of the tragic one-act opera "Cavalleria Rusticana." PIETRO MASCAGNI, p. 161

(a) The scene of this opera is laid in a Sicilian village. Turiddu, the son of Dame Lucia, the keeper of the inn, returns from military service and finds that Lola, the village belle, to whom he was betrothed, has wedded Alfio, a village carrier. Wounded in love and vanity, he woos and wins Santuzza, a peasant maid; but when Turiddu meets Lola they are reconciled and he neglects Santuzza, while Lola's earlier affection for him returns. Santuzza, distracted, warns Alfio, who challenges Turiddu to mortal combat, and slays him.

Poem by Louis C. Elson.

Divine Guidance. A chorus in four parts, the music of which is a setting for the Latin hymn "Ave Verum."

WOLFGANG AMADEUS MOZART, p. 80

Poem by Thomas Hastings.

Eventide. A quartet. FRANZ ABT, p. 140

Poem translated from Hoffmann von Fallersleben.

Fishermaiden, The. A four-part song arranged from "Das Fischermädchen," a song in strophe form but having the characteristics of an art song (see (j) below).

GIACOMO MEYERBEER, p. 114

Poem translated and adapted from Heinrich Heine.

Forest Dance, The. A unison and four-part song arranged from the Hungarian Dance No. 5.

JOHANNES BRAHMS, p. 70

Poem by Louis C. Elson.

Good Night, Good Night, Beloved. A song in four parts. CIRO PINSUTI, p. 65

Poem by Henry W. Longfellow.

Hail, All Hail. A baritone solo (which may be sung by all baritone voices) and chorus in unison and four parts arranged from the opera comique "Carmen."

GEORGES BIZET, p. 114

(b) Grand opera is a serious opera-sung throughout.

(c) Opera comique varies this form by the introduction of spoken dialogue.

(d) The scene of "Carmen" is laid in Seville. While Don José, a soldier, awaits a messenger from his mother, a band of factory girls arrive, and Carmen, one of their number, throws him a flower. He is charmed by her beauty, and when she is arrested for wounding one of the girls in a quarrel, he secures her release. She persuades him to desert and join a band of smugglers. Afterwards she proves fickle, however, welcomes Escamillo, a torero, and goes to a bull-fight with him. Don José pursues her and in a jealous rage stabs her fatally.

The solo of this selection is sung by Escamillo in the second act.

Poem translated from Halévy and Meilhac.

Hail, Noble Hall. A chorus arranged from the romantic grand opera "Tannhäuser."

RICHARD WAGNER, p. 43

(e) The plot of "Tannhäuser" is founded on an old German tradition. Tannhäuser, a minstrel knight, having spent a year in dissipation, returns to the castle of Hermann the Landgrave, whose niece Elisabeth loves and is loved by Tannhäuser. He joins in a song tournament, the prize of which is to be the hand of Elisabeth, but his song causes a quarrel among the minstrel contestants. They are about to destroy him when Elisabeth interposes and saves his life. Tannhäuser, repenting his past sins, makes a pilgrimage to Rome and seeks forgiveness from the Pope, who replies, "Even as this staff in my hand cannot blossom again, so there is no pardon for thee." Dejected and hopeless, Tannhäuser returns and is about to rejoin his old associates when a chant is heard, followed by the funeral procession of Elisabeth. Overcome with grief, he sinks lifeless to the ground, just as a band of pilgrims appear, announcing that the Pope's staff has miraculously put forth green leaves, a symbol of Tannhäuser's pardon.

This selection is the beginning of Act II, scene iv, the opening processional chorus of the knights and ladies in the Tournament of Song.

Text, translated from Richard Wagner.

Happy Days. A duet and chorus for four parts, arranged from the strophe song of the same title.

ANTON STRELEZKI

Poem by Henly Thompson. Music arranged by H. S. Leavitt.

Hour of Rest, The. A quartet arranged from the slow movement, Adagio, of the Sextette, Opus 81.

LUDWIG VAN BEETHOVEN, p. 100

(f) This Sextette was so called because it was written for six instruments. It belongs to what is known as (g) chamber music, a term applied to music suitable for performance by solo instruments in a room or small hall. This work has three movements—Allegro con brio, Adagio, and Rondo.

Poem by Louis C. Elson.

La Czarine. A unison and four-part chorus arranged from the Russian mazurka "La Czarine."

LOUIS GANNE, p. 94

(h) A mazurka is a national Polish dance in $\frac{2}{4}$ measure with an additional strong accent on the second beat.

Life All Victorious. A quartet arranged from the Second Impromptu, Opus 142.

FRANZ SCHUBERT, p. 1

(i) An impromptu is a pianoforte composition having the character of an extemporaneous performance.

Poem by M. Louise Baum.

Longing. A quartet arranged from the art song "Sehnsucht."

PETER TSCHAICKOWSKY, p. 142

(j) The term "art song" is applied to a song in which each phrase of the poem has an appropriate musical setting; in other words, the music reflects and interprets the meaning of the poem throughout and does not repeat with each stanza. Furthermore, it is the product of cultivated musical taste and inspiration.

Poem by M. A. L. Lane. Music arranged by H. S. Leavitt.

Lotus Flower, The. A quartet arranged from the art song "Die Lotosblume," Opus 25, No. 7.

ROBERT SCHUMANN, p. 25

Poem translated from Heinrich Heine. Music arranged by Sewall Day.

Love's Mission. A selection consisting of unison bass, unison soprano, and four-part chorus arranged from the art song "Ich liebe dich."

EDWARD GRIEG, p. 108

Poem by H. S. Leavitt.

March of the Mourning Marionettes. A quartet arranged from an unfinished Suite Burlesque.

CHARLES GOUNOD, p. 16

(a) A suite is an instrumental composition consisting of a set or series of pieces in various idealized dance forms.

Poem by Celia Standish. Music arranged by Sewall Day.

Maytime. A duet and chorus arranged from the comic opera "The Mikado."

ARTHUR S. SULLIVAN, p. 39

(b) The story of this opera is as follows: The Mikado's son, Nanki-Poo, disguised as a minstrel, falls in love with Yum Yum, ward of Koko, the Lord High Executioner. Poo-Bah, Lord High Everything Else, informs Nanki-Poo that she is betrothed to Koko. The Mikado orders Koko to behead some one in accordance with tradition. Nanki-Poo volunteers to be the victim, provided he can marry Yum Yum and live one month. Inasmuch as the execution of a man necessitates that his wife be buried alive, Koko falsely states that the execution has taken place. The Mikado, wroth that his heir has been beheaded, threatens Koko. Nanki-Poo appears, marries Yum Yum, and all are happy.

The music of "Maytime" is the opening chorus of Act II.

Poem by Leslie Allen.

My Dream. A unison and four-part chorus arranged from the set of instrumental waltzes entitled "My Dream," Opus 151. EMILE WALDTEUFEL, p. 120

Music arranged by Ralph L. Baldwin.

My Heart at Thy Dear Voice. A four-part song arranged from the grand opera "Samson and Delilah."

CHARLES CAMILLE SAINT-SAËNS, p. 82

(c) The story of "Samson and Delilah" follows closely the Biblical narrative (Judges xvi). Samson, a Hebrew soldier, slays the leader of the Philistines. Delilah, to avenge his death, enchants Samson with her beauty and betrays him into the hands of the Philistines. Blinded and shorn, he is dragged from prison to the temple, and amid the jeers of the crowd he breaks the pillars, dying with his enemies in the ruins.

This selection is in the third scene of Act II.

Text translated from Ferdinand Lemaire. Music arranged by Sewall Day.

On to Victory. A chorus arranged from the brass-band march "Second Regiment Connecticut National Guard March." DAVID W. REEVES, p. 146

It is reported that the German Emperor was so impressed with this stirring and beautiful march that he honored Mr. Reeves, the composer, by presenting him with a medal.

Poem by Mary Stanhope. Music arranged by H. S. Leavitt.

Pooh-Bah. A solo and chorus arranged from the comic opera "The Mikado."

ARTHUR S. SULLIVAN, p. 28

For sketch of "The Mikado" see "Maytime," (b) above. This song occurs near the beginning of Act I.

Poem by W. S. Gilbert.

Prayer. A chorus in four parts arranged from the art song "Bitten," Opus 48, No. 1.

LUDWIG VAN BEETHOVEN, p. 13

Poem translated from Gellert.

Request. A quartet arranged from the art song "Bitte," Opus 9, No. 3. ROBERT FRANZ, p. 73

Roses from the South. A unison and four-part song arranged from the set of instrumental waltzes entitled "Roses from the South," Opus 388.

JOHANN STRAUSS, p. 52

Poem by M. Louise Baum. Music transcribed and arranged by H. S. Leavitt.

Serenade. A unison and four-part chorus arranged from the Serenata, Opus 15, No. 1, for piano.

MORITZ MOSZKOWSKI, p. 9

Poem by Bertha Remick. Music arranged by Bertha Remick.

Song of the Sea, A. A soprano and four-part chorus arranged from the comic opera "Erminie."

EDUARD JAKOBOWSKI, p. 22

For sketch of "Erminie" see "A Birthday Song," p. 165, (g). The music of "A Song of the Sea" appears in Act II.

Poem by Nathan Haskell Dole.

Spirit of Light. A four-part chorus arranged from the grand opera "La Favorita."

GAETANO DONIZETTI, p. 89

(d) The story of "La Favorita" is one of romantic love and intrigue. Fernando, the hero, is deceived in his marriage with Leonora, the charming court favorite. In the fourth act is the beautiful romanza "Spirto gentil," in which Fernando sings of his tender regard and at the same time of his hope of forgetfulness of Leonora.

Poem translated from Royer and Waëtz. Music arranged by H. S. Leavitt.

Three Fishers. A bass and four-part chorus arranged from the strophe song of the same title.

JOHN PYKE HULLAH, p. 41

Poem by Charles Kingsley. Music arranged by Sewall Day.

Triumphal March. A unison bass and tenor, soprano, and four-part chorus arranged from the grand opera "Aïda."

GIUSEPPE VERDI, p. 101

(e) The scene of "Aïda" is laid in Memphis and Thebes in the time of the Pharaohs. Aida, daughter of the Ethiopian king, is, through misfortune, the slave of Amneris, the Egyptian princess. She loves Radames, an Egyptian general, who secretly returns

her love. Amneris also secretly loves Radames. He leads the Egyptians victoriously against the invading Ethiopians, and is rewarded by the king with the hand of the princess. Radames resolves to flee with Aida, is apprehended, tried for treason, and condemned to be buried alive unless he will marry Amneris. Refusing, he descends to the tomb, where Aida awaits him, and they are united in death.

This selection is a combination of the Battle Hymn in Act I, and the grand finale and the Trumpet March in Act II.

Text translated from A. Ghislanzoni.

Unfold, Ye Portals. A chorus from the oratorio "The Redemption." CHARLES GOUNOD, p. 157

(a) In his commentary on this oratorio Gounod says: "This work is a lyrical setting forth of the three great facts on which depends the existence of the Christian church. These facts are: first, the passion and the death of the Saviour; second, His glorious life on earth from His resurrection to His ascension; third, the spread of Christianity in the world through the mission of the apostles. These three parts of the present trilogy are preceded by a prologue on the

creation, the fall of our first parents, and the promise of a Redeemer."

"Unfold, Ye Portals" is the closing chorus and climax in Part II.

Text adapted from Psalm xxiv.

Venetian Summer Night. A duet and chorus arranged from the Valse in E, Opus 34, No. 1, for piano. MORITZ MOSZKOWSKI, p. 76

Poem by Mary Stanhope. Music transcribed and arranged by Sewall Day.

Valentine's Farewell. A bass and four-part chorus from the grand opera "Faust."

CHARLES GOUNOD, p. 136

(b) The story of "Faust" is founded on Goethe's poem of the same name. Faust, an aged philosopher, weary of life, summons Mephistopheles and contracts to give his soul in exchange for the restoration of his youth. In his new guise he meets Marguerite, the heroine, at the village fair. She lives with her brother Valentine, a soldier, who is summoned to war, and in the first act of the opera sings this farewell to his sister.

Text translated from Barbier and Carré.

BRIEF BIOGRAPHIES

Abt (äbt), Franz, German, eminent composer, celebrated for a remarkable melodic facility; born 1819 at Eilenburg, Germany. Educated at St. Thomas School, Leipsic, and at Leipsic University. He was capellmeister at Bernburg, Zurich, and Brunswick, and conducted choral society concerts in America in 1872.

His important works are his beautiful and popular songs and part songs. Died 1885. A contemporary of Abt in American history was Ulysses S. Grant. One of Abt's best part songs is "Eventide," page 140.

Bach (bäk), Johann Sebastian, German, great composer, "The Father of German Music"; born 1685 at Eisenach, Germany. Educated by his brother and at St. Michael's School at Lunenburg. He was director of music at St. Thomas School, Leipsic, for twenty-seven years. He was strong-willed, conscientious, keen of intellect, systematic, and indefatigable in his work.

His important works are "St. Matthew Passion," "Christmas oratorio," "Well-Tempered Clavichord," French and English suites, 232 sacred cantatas, organ preludes, and fugues. Perhaps the best known of his works are the "Well-Tempered Clavichord" and the "St. Matthew Passion," from which the Chorale, page 64, is taken. Died 1750. A contemporary of Bach in American history was James Edward Oglethorpe of colonial days.

Beethoven (bä'tö-ven), Ludwig van, German, great composer, "The Father of Modern Instrumental Music"; born 1770 at Bonn-on-Rhine, Germany. Educated in the public schools of Bonn until fourteen years of age; studied music with his father; also with Franz Ries, Mozart, Haydn, and others. At eleven he was

a successful performer on the clavichord and violin. He eventually became a great artist on the piano and one of the greatest of composers. Beethoven in character was generous and sincere, though proud, sensitive, irritable, and sometimes intolerant.

His important works are 9 symphonies, 81 sonatas, the opera "Fidelio," overtures, chamber music, and songs. Died 1827. A contemporary of Beethoven in American history was Andrew Jackson. Beethoven is represented in this book by "Prayer," page 13, and "The Hour of Rest," page 100.

Bizet (bē-zā'), Georges, French, great composer, the author of "Carmen"; born 1838 at Paris, France. Educated at the Paris Conservatory, where he won many prizes, including the Grand Prize of Rome. Bizet's chief characteristic was his love of "local color." His fame and renown must rest upon "L'Arlesienne" and "Carmen," and "Carmen" alone has placed him in the front rank of modern French composers. His work is sincere; his instrumentation is skillful; his melodies are marked by grace, originality, and great beauty.

His important works are operas, overtures, and orchestral suites. Died 1875. A contemporary of Bizet in American history was Chester A. Arthur. "Hail, All Hail!" page 114, is a selection from "Carmen."

Brahms (bräms), Johannes, German, great composer, "A Master in combining the Romantic and Classic in Music"; born 1833 at Hamburg, Germany. Educated under private teachers; held various positions as conductor in Germany, and made extensive concert tours, after which he settled in Vienna, where he lived

quietly and devoted himself entirely to composition. He was genuine, unassuming, undemonstrative, and charitable toward the works of his contemporaries.

His important works are 4 symphonies, overtures, Hungarian dances, chamber music, and songs. Perhaps his best-known works are his Hungarian dances. Died 1897. A contemporary of Brahms in American history was Benjamin Harrison. "The Forest Dance," page 70, is arranged from the Hungarian Dance, No. 5.

Chopin (sho-păñ'), Frédéric François, Polish, *great composer*, "The Poet of the Piano"; born 1809 at Zelazowa Wola, a village near Warsaw, Poland. Educated in his father's private school and under various private teachers. He attained the foremost rank as a concert virtuoso, and from the age of nineteen he devoted himself entirely to his concerts and composition. He was a man of refinement and extreme sensitiveness. In later life he was more or less unhappy because of chronic illness. In his compositions he was the first to break away from traditional forms and introduce freedom and romanticism.

His important works are concertos, sonatas, polonaises, mazurkas, études, preludes, and nocturnes. Died 1849. A contemporary of Chopin in American history was Abraham Lincoln. "Daybreak," page 74, is a transcription from his Nocturne, Opus 9, No. 2.

Donizetti (dō-nē-tsēt'ē), Gaetano, Italian, *eminent composer*, a brilliant Italian operatic composer; born 1797 at Bergamo, Italy. Educated by private teachers and at the Conservatory of Naples, where he was later professor of counterpoint. He was also court composer and Master of the Imperial Chapel. His music is characterized by graceful melody, beauty of expression, skillful musicianship, and occasional dramatic power.

His important works are operas. Died 1848. A contemporary of Donizetti in American history was James K. Polk. "Spirit of Light," page 89, is an arrangement of a famous tenor solo from the opera "La Favorita."

Franz (frānts), Robert, German, *great composer*, "A Master of Art Song"; born 1815 at Halle, Saxony. Educated by private teachers. Devoted six years to study of Bach, Handel, Beethoven, Schubert, and other great composers. He was director of the Singing Academy at Halle and organist and musical director of the University. He was a man of strong feelings, and his life was one of unselfish devotion to his ideals. He was an artist in detail, slighting nothing, and his songs blend the romantic spirit with the classic style.

His important works are songs and piano music. Died 1892. A contemporary of Franz in American history was William T. Sherman. "Request," page 73, is an arrangement of one of his most beautiful art songs.

Ganne (gāñ), Louis Gaston, French, *noted composer*, a popular composer of ballets and vaudeville operettas; born 1862 at Bifières-les-Mines, Allier. Pupil of Dubois and Frank at the Paris Conservatory. He is orchestra

leader of the balls at the Opera and also at the Municipal Casino at Royan.

His important works are light pianoforte pieces, comic opera, and ballet music. A contemporary of Ganne in American history is Theodore Roosevelt. See "La Czarine," page 94.

Gounod (gōō-nō'), Charles François, French, *great composer*, the composer of "Faust"; born 1818 at Paris, France. Educated by his mother; at the Paris Conservatory; by Halévy; and at Rome. He studied theology two years, but gave it up for a musical career. Conducted his own works in Vienna and was precentor and organist in Paris. In 1886 became a member of the Institute of France and Commander of the Legion of Honor. Gounod was quiet and unassuming in manner, broad in his sympathies, and faithful to his ideals.

His important works are masses, oratorios, operas, and orchestral pieces. Died 1893. A contemporary of Gounod in American history was Rutherford B. Hayes. Gounod is represented in this book by "March of the Mourning Marionettes," page 16; "Valentine's Farewell," page 136; and "Unfold, Ye Portals," page 157.

Grieg (grēég), Edvard Hagerup, Norwegian, *great composer*, "The Greatest Norwegian Composer"; born 1843 at Bergen, Norway. Educated at the Leipsic Conservatory. After several years spent in teaching and conducting he devoted himself to travel, study, and composition, receiving a yearly annuity from the Norwegian Parliament. He was a poet and philanthropist, and was very popular in his own country.

His important works are suites, sonatas, smaller piano forms, and songs. Died 1907. A contemporary of Grieg in American history was William H. McKinley. See "Love's Mission," page 108.

Handel (hän'del), George Frederick, German, *great composer*, "The Greatest Choral Composer"; born 1685 at Halle, Saxony. After secretly teaching himself to play the harpsichord he received private instruction. Successively he held the positions of cathedral organist at Halle, orchestral leader at Hamburg, chapel master to the Duke of Chandos, and director at the Royal Academy of Music. The opposition and disappointments which he encountered eventually undermined his health, and in 1746 he was attacked by a disease which ended in his blindness. He had a high sense of honor, was generous, intellectual, and industrious. A large part of his later life was spent in England.

His important works are oratorios, pianoforte and orchestral compositions, operas, and sacred vocal choruses. Died 1759. A contemporary of Handel in American history was James Edward Oglethorpe of colonial days. Handel's "And the Glory of the Lord," page 32, from "The Messiah," is one of the greatest of choruses.

Hullah, John Pyke, English, *noted composer*; born 1812 at Worcester, England. Pupil of Horsley and Crivelli. He maintained his "Singing School for Schoolmasters," was professor of singing at King's College and later at Queen's and Bedford Colleges.

Was Charter House organist and concert conductor at the Royal Academy of Music.

His important works are songs, concerted vocal music, and textbooks. Died 1884. A contemporary of Hullah in American history was Jefferson Davis. See "Three Fishers," page 41.

Jakobowski (yäk'ō-böf-shkē), **Eduard**, English, *eminent composer*, now residing in London, *a dramatic composer*. In 1885 he produced "Erminie," since which time it has been performed about three thousand times. His music is light and charming.

His important works are light operas. A contemporary of Jakobowski in American history is W. J. Bryan. See "A Song of the Sea," page 22, and "A Birthday Song," page 155.

Mascagni (mäs-kän'yé), **Pietro**, Italian, *eminent composer*; born 1863 at Leghorn, Italy. Became a pupil of Soffredini in secret against his father's wishes; later studied at the Milan Conservatory. He traveled through Italy as conductor of various opéra companies. In 1899 his one-act opera "Cavalleria Rusticana" won first prize in a competition and brought him universal renown. He was awarded the order of the Crown of Italy.

His important works are operas. A contemporary of Mascagni in American history is Charles E. Hughes. "Devotion," page 161, is an arrangement from "Cavalleria Rusticana."

Mendelssohn (mĕn'del-sōn), **Felix**, German, *great composer*, celebrated for *popularizing the best in music*; born 1809 at Hamburg, Germany. He was educated under the best masters both in languages and music. He made his first appearance as a pianist when nine years old, and began his composition at the age of twelve. He made concert tours of the principal cities in Europe; was chapel master to the King of Prussia; was founder of the Berlin Academy of Arts and the Leipsic Conservatory of Music; and was conductor of the Philharmonic in London. He was a cultivated gentleman, sensitive, courteous, and lovable. In his music he was a romantic classicist.

His important works are "Songs without Words," overtures, symphonies, and oratorios. His best-known work is "Elijah." Died 1847. A contemporary of Mendelssohn in American history was Abraham Lincoln. "The Day's Gift," page 111, is an arrangement from one of his famous "Songs without Words" for piano.

Meyerbeer (mā'yär-bär), **Giacomo**, German, *great composer*, "*A Unique Genius in Dramatic Melody and Orchestral Color*"; born 1791 at Berlin, Germany. Educated under Clementi, Zelter, Weber, and others. In 1842 King Friedrich Wilhelm IV appointed him General Music Director. He was a broad-minded, large-hearted, cultivated musician, and his work has had a salutary effect on modern music. His important works are operas and orchestral compositions. Died 1864. A contemporary of Meyerbeer in American history was James Buchanan. See "The Fisher-maiden," page 141.

Moszkowski (mōsh-kōfshkē), **Moritz**, Polish, *eminent composer, a concert pianist*; born 1854 at Breslau, Silesia. Educated at home and at the Conservatory at Dresden, at Stern Conservatory, and Kullak's Academy in Berlin, where he taught several years. Has made many concert tours.

His important works are compositions for piano and stringed instruments. A contemporary of Moszkowski in American history is Woodrow Wilson. Moszkowski is represented by "Serenade," page 9, and "Venetian Summer Night," page 76.

Mozart (mō'tsart), **Wolfgang Amadeus**, German, *great composer*. *He is unexcelled in the purity, grace, and spontaneity of his music*. Born 1756 at Salzburg, Austria. Educated by his father. He was the most precocious of all master musicians, and his early career was brilliant. He was courted by archbishops and kings, yet he died in poverty, deserted by his friends. In the thirty-five years of his life he produced seven hundred works.

His important works are operas, symphonies, and chamber music. Died 1791. A contemporary of Mozart in American history was Alexander Hamilton. See "Divine Guidance," page 80.

Pinsuti (pin-sōō'tē), **Ciro**, Italian, *noted composer*, celebrated as *a vocal teacher*; born 1829 at Florence, Italy. Pupil of Potter, Balgrove, and Rossini. Was professor at the Royal Academy of Music.

His important works are popular songs. Died 1888. A contemporary of Pinsuti in American history was Chester A. Arthur. See "Good Night, Good Night, Beloved!" page 65.

Radecke (rä'dě-kě), **Robert**, German, *eminent composer*, "*A Composer of Beautiful Songs*"; born 1830 at Dittmannsdorf, Germany. Educated at Leipsic Conservatory. Court capellmeister and director of Stern Conservatory.

His important works are orchestral works, piano-forte trios, and songs. A contemporary of Radecke in American history is Charles W. Eliot. See "By-gone Days," page 27.

Reeves, David Wallis, American, *noted composer, a bandmaster, cornet virtuoso, and military composer*; born 1838 at Oswego, New York. Was chiefly self-instructed, but received some lessons from private teachers. He was director of the American band and orchestra at Providence, bandmaster of certain military organizations, and made concert tours as cornetist in Europe and America. Died 1900.

His important works are military marches and transcriptions and arrangements for band and orchestra. See "On to Victory," page 146.

Rossini (rōs-sē'nē), **Gioachino Antonio**, Italian, *great composer*, "*The Most Brilliant Composer of the So-called Italian School of Opera*"; born 1792 at Pesaro, Italy. His general and musical education was desultory. His chief ambition was to write operas and he produced a great number of these in rapid succession, his success in this line securing for him the position of manager of two theaters in Naples. His first great success was "The Barber of Seville," which was written in a

fortnight. His wealth enabled him to indulge his besetting habit of indolence. He was one of the greatest of creative geniuses. In character he was always kind and good-natured, helping poor and talented young composers.

His important works are operas and sacred pieces. Died 1868. A contemporary of Rossini in American history was Samuel F. B. Morse. See "Charity," page 131.

Rubinstein (rōō'bīn-stīn), Anton Gregorovitch, Russian, great composer. *He was a great teacher, pianist, and composer.* Born 1829 at Wechwotynecz, Bessarabia, a province in Russia. Educated under his mother and at Berlin. He was one of the world's greatest pianists, excelled only by Liszt. He founded the Imperial Conservatory at St. Petersburg and was its director for some years. In 1872 he gave 213 concerts in America. He was a man of rugged and original character, simple and genial in disposition, and full of imaginative fire.

His important works are sacred operas (oratorios to be enacted with costume and scenery), overtures, symphonies, piano pieces, and songs. Died 1894. A contemporary of Rubinstein in American history was Rutherford B. Hayes. Rubinstein is represented by "The Angel," page 6.

Saint-Saëns (san-sōñ), Charles Camille, French, great composer, "The Dean of the French School of Music"; born 1835 at Paris, France. Educated at the Paris Conservatory. He was organist in the Church of St. Mèry, at the Madeleine, and piano teacher at the Niedermeyer School, after which he devoted himself entirely to composition and concert tours. He was distinguished for his critical, literary, and poetic ability, and was regarded as a master in music.

His important works are the Biblical opera "Samson and Delilah," concertos, symphonies, and various art forms. A contemporary of Saint-Saëns in American history is General Nelson A. Miles. Saint-Saëns is represented by "My Heart at Thy Dear Voice," page 82.

Schubert (shoo'bērt), Franz Peter, German, great composer, "The Famous German Lyric Composer"; born 1797 at Lichtenthal, near Vienna, Austria. Educated by private teachers and at the "Convict," a training school for court singers. To escape military conscription he hurriedly fitted for the post of elementary teacher in his father's school and taught there two years. All his subsequent efforts to obtain a salaried post were unsuccessful and he was underpaid by his publishers. As a man Schubert was absolutely honest, jovial, modest, and associated with the leading poets and musicians of his time.

His important works are symphonies, piano compositions, chamber music, and art songs. Died 1828. A contemporary of Schubert in American history was James K. Polk. Schubert is represented by "Life All Victorious," page 1.

Schumann (shoo'māñ), Robert, German, great composer, a genius in the creation of melody and new ideals for the pianoforte and voice; born 1810 at Zwickau, Saxony. Educated at Leipsic University and at

Heidelberg. At six he began to compose; at eleven, untaught, he conducted both chorus and orchestra; and at seventeen he set poems of his own to music. At the age of twenty-four he founded the New Journal for Music at Leipsic. His later life was clouded by illness and he spent his last years in a retreat for the insane. "Lovable and beloved" sums up Schumann's character. He was one of the few composers who combined both musical and literary ability.

His important works are symphonies, chamber music, overtures, and songs. Died 1856. A contemporary of Schumann in American history was Abraham Lincoln. Schumann is represented by "The Lotus Flower," page 25.

Strauss (strōūs), Johann, German, eminent composer, "The Waltz King"; born 1825 at Vienna, Austria. Educated by private teachers. He was conductor at St. Petersburg, at Vienna court balls, and on tours of his own orchestra.

His important works are operettas and popular waltzes. Died 1899. A contemporary of Strauss in American history was Rutherford B. Hayes. Strauss is represented by "Roses from the South," page 52.

Strelzki (stre-lēt'shēkē), Anton, English, noted composer; born 1859 at Croyden, England. Educated at Leipsic Conservatory and was a pupil of Clara Schumann. Has appeared as a pianist in America and England.

His important works are compositions for piano, violin, and voice. A contemporary of Strelzki in American history is William H. Taft. See "Happy Days," page 2.

Sullivan, Sir Arthur S., English, eminent composer, one of the greatest composers of refined comic opera; born 1842 at London, England. Educated at the Royal Academy of Music and by private teachers at London and Leipsic. Organist at London and conductor at Covent Garden and National Training School in London.

His important works are songs, oratorios, incidental music, a grand opera, and many beautiful and popular comic operas. Died 1900. A contemporary of Sullivan in American history was Grover Cleveland. Sullivan is represented by "Pooh-Bah," page 28, and "Maytime," page 39.

Tschaikowsky (chi-kōf'skē), Peter Iljitch, Russian, great composer, "The Greatest Russian Composer"; born 1840 among the Ural Mountains. Educated at the Institute of St. Petersburg, the School of Jurisprudence, and the Conservatory of Music at St. Petersburg. He was professor of music in the Moscow Conservatory for twelve years, after which he devoted himself entirely to composition. He was sensitive, gentle, and inclined to melancholy, and his temperament is reflected in his music. His works embrace all forms of musical composition, and his symphonies rank with those of the greatest masters.

His important works are six symphonies, suites, overtures, concertos, and string quartets. Died 1893. A contemporary of Tschaikowsky in American history was William McKinley. Tschaikowsky is represented by

"The Conquest of the Air," page 58, and "Long-ing," page 142.

Verdi (vär'dē), Giuseppe, Italian, *great composer*, "The Greatest Composer of Italian Opera"; born 1813 at Le Roncole in the Duchy of Parma, Italy. As a boy he received private instruction, and later was refused admission to the Conservatory of Music at Milan on the score of lack of musical talent. He devoted himself to composition, at which he became very successful, not only from an artistic but also from a commercial point of view. He was lovable, benevolent, and charitable. Wealth of melody and a gift for tragic and melodramatic display are the chief features of his music.

His important works are grand operas. Among the best known of his works are "La Traviata," "Il Trovatore," and "Aida." Died 1901. A contemporary of Verdi in American history was John Hay. Verdi is represented by "Triumphal March," page 101.

Wagner (väg'ner), Richard, German, *great composer*, "The Creator of the Music Drama"; born 1813 at Leipsic, Germany. He received a broad classical education in the Classical School at Dresden and the University of Leipsic. He was appointed musical conductor at Magdeburg and Riga, and later devoted

himself to the writing of romantic operas and the creation of the music drama, for which he wrote the libretti as well as the music. He was probably the most original dramatic composer of all times, and was intellectual, cultured, and refined.

His important works are romantic operas and music dramas, the most important of which are "The Flying Dutchman," "Tannhäuser," "Lohengrin," "Die Meistersinger," "Tristan and Isolde," "Das Rheingold," "Die Walküre," "Siegfried," "Die Götterdämmerung," and "Parsifal." Died 1883. A contemporary of Wagner in American history was Jefferson Davis. Wagner is represented by "Hail, Noble Hall!" page 43.

Waldteufel (vält'toi-fel), Emile, German, *eminent composer*, a writer of dance music; born 1837 at Strasburg, Germany. Educated under private teachers and at the Paris Conservatory. Was pianist to Empress Eugénie; organized the court balls of Napoleon III and the soirées at Biarritz and Compiègne. Conducted his works in London and Berlin.

His important works are vocal, orchestral, and piano compositions. A contemporary of Waldteufel in American history was Grover Cleveland. See "My Dream," page 120.

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